



ASSEMBLY BILL 481

Military Equipment Use by Law Enforcement

Annual Report

S.A.F.E. DIVISION

2023



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HISTORY

In September of 2021, the State of California enacted Assembly Bill 481, in which the Legislature found and declared the following:

(a) The acquisition of military equipment and its deployment in our communities adversely impacts the public's safety and welfare, including increased risk of civilian deaths, significant risks to civil rights, civil liberties, and physical and psychological well-being, and incurment of significant financial costs. Military equipment is more frequently deployed in low-income Black and Brown communities, meaning the risks and impacts of police militarization are experienced most acutely in marginalized communities.

(b) The public has a right to know about any funding, acquisition, or use of military equipment by state or local government officials, as well as a right to participate in any government agency's decision to fund, acquire, or use such equipment.

(c) Decisions regarding whether and how military equipment is funded, acquired, or used should give strong consideration to the public's welfare, safety, civil rights, and civil liberties, and should be based on meaningful public input.

(d) Legally enforceable safeguards, including transparency, oversight, and accountability measures, must be in place to protect the public's welfare, safety, civil rights, and civil liberties before military equipment is funded, acquired, or used.

(e) The lack of a public forum to discuss the acquisition of military equipment jeopardizes the relationship police have with the community, which can be undermined when law enforcement is seen as an occupying force rather than a public safety service.

To address these concerns, AB 481 requires every law enforcement agency to do the following:

- Create a military use policy.
- Obtain approval of that policy by each agency's applicable governing body.
- Publish that policy 30 days prior to the above required approval hearing.
- Create an Annual Report of each agency's military equipment use.
- Hold a community engagement meeting within 30 days of submitting/publicly releasing the above Annual Report.

The Orange County Sheriff's Department has fulfilled the above requirements by creating Policy 711 - Military Equipment, obtaining approval from the Board of Supervisors, providing an online resource for community complaints/engagement, and assigning the responsibility of the required Annual Report to the SAFE Division. A community engagement meeting will be scheduled for June 15, 2023.

OVERVIEW

Per Government Code 7072(a), the Annual Report shall, at a minimum, include the following information for the immediately preceding calendar year for each type of military equipment:

- (1) A summary of how the military equipment was used and the purpose of its use.
- (2) A summary of any complaints or concerns received concerning the military equipment.
- (3) The results of any internal audits, any information about violations of the military equipment use policy, and any actions taken in response.
- (4) The total annual cost for each type of military equipment, including acquisition, personnel, training, transportation, maintenance, storage, upgrade, and other ongoing costs, and from what source funds will be provided for the military equipment in the calendar year following submission of the Annual Military Equipment Report.
- (5) The quantity possessed for each type of military equipment.
- (6) If the law enforcement agency intends to acquire additional military equipment in the next year, the quantity sought for each type of military equipment.

Per the legislature and OCSD Policy 711, the following OCSD assets are defined as military equipment:

- Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles.
- Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers.
- High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles (HMMWV), two-and-one-half-ton trucks, five-ton trucks, or wheeled vehicles that have a breaching or entry apparatus attached.
- Tracked armored vehicles that provide ballistic protection to their occupants.
- Command and control vehicles that are either built or modified to facilitate the operational control and direction of public safety units.
- Weaponized aircrafts, vessels, or vehicles of any kind.
- Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature. This does not include items to remove a lock, such as bolt cutters or a handheld ram designed to be operated by one person.
- Firearms and ammunition of .50 caliber or greater, excluding standard-issue shotguns and standard-issue shotgun ammunition.
- Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber, including assault weapons as defined in Penal Codes § 30510 and § 30515, with the exception of standard-issue service weapons and ammunition of less than .50 caliber.
- Any firearm or firearm accessory that is designed to launch explosive projectiles.
- "Flashbang" grenades and explosive breaching tools.
- Munitions containing tear gas or OC, and pepperballs, excluding standard, service-issued handheld pepper spray.
- TASER® Shockwave, microwave weapons, water cannons, and long-range acoustic devices (LRADs).
- 40mm projectile launchers, "bean bag," rubber bullet and specialty impact munition (SIM) weapons.
- Any other equipment as determined by a governing body or a state agency to require additional oversight.

OVERALL STATISTICAL REVIEW

Government Code 7072(a)(2) stipulates that this Annual Report include a “summary of how the military equipment was used and the purpose of its use.” To fulfill this requirement, the SAFE Bureau created the AB 481 Military Equipment Tracker (MET), which was implemented for use in June of 2022.

The information in this report was gathered using the above tracking system. It is representative of the 2022-2023 (June-March) statistical data gathered from the 13 cities and numerous unincorporated regions that fall within the jurisdiction of the Orange County Sheriff’s Department. As of the 2020 census, the Orange County population was 3,186,989, making it the third-most-populous county in California, and the sixth-most-populous county in the United States.

The statistical data presented herein is reflective of the statute elements and regulations required at the time the data was collected.

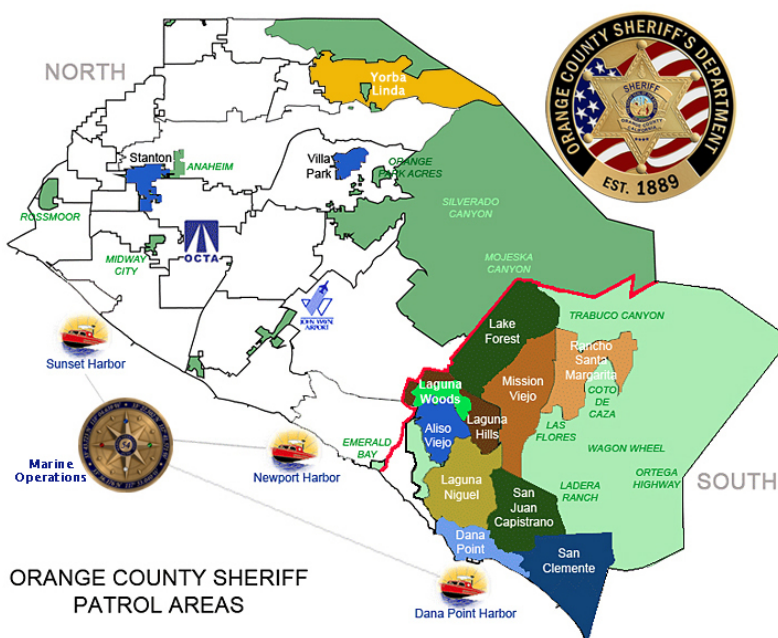
DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of military equipment tracking, the following are several key definitions used in this report:

Usage: The intentional or unintentional operation, launch, discharge, detonation, activation, ignition, or impact of specified equipment by a person or object in response to an incident requiring investigative or enforcement action shall be a reportable "usage" of the item. For vehicles, including unmanned aerial systems (UAS) and robots, a usage occurs when the item performs a function to assist in the mission of the investigative or enforcement action.

Consumables: Munitions or chemical agents.

Training: Any training course or exercise which utilizes specified equipment, including consumables.

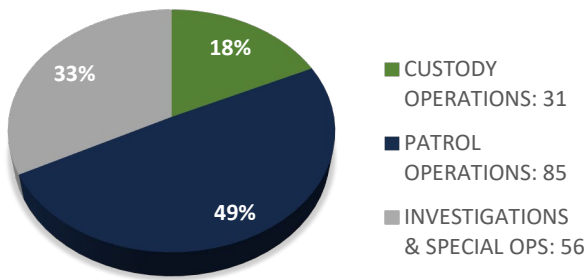


MILITARY EQUIPMENT USAGE SUMMARY

AB 481 Asset Usage Snapshot

AB 481 ASSET USAGE SNAPSHOT (JUNE 2022-MARCH 2023)

USAGE BY COMMAND *



*Each incident may have had more than one asset used.

INCIDENTS WITH ASSETS USED

# OF INCIDENTS	137
# OF USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS	33

MOST COMMONLY USED ASSETS

DRONE	101
PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	24
LIGHT SOUND DIVERSIONARY DEVICE	11
40 MM LAUNCHER	10
ARMORED VEHICLE	10

MOST COMMON PURPOSE OF USE

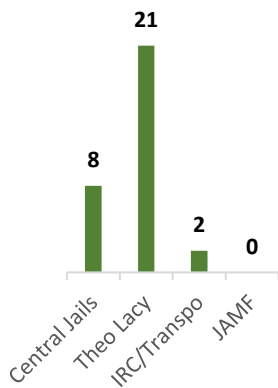
TRAINING	256
SUSPECT APPREHENSION	66
INTELLIGENCE GATHERING	57

CUSTODY OPS

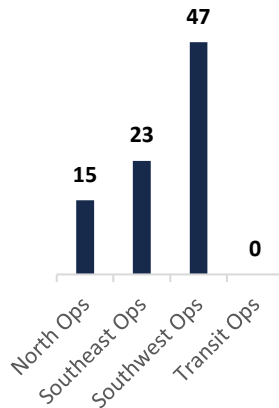
PATROL OPS

INV. & SPEC OPS

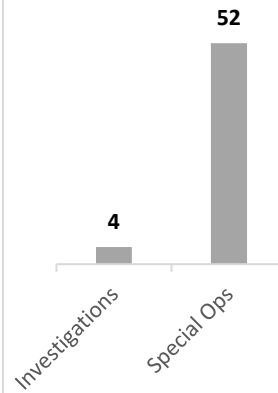
USAGE BY DIVISION



USAGE BY DIVISION

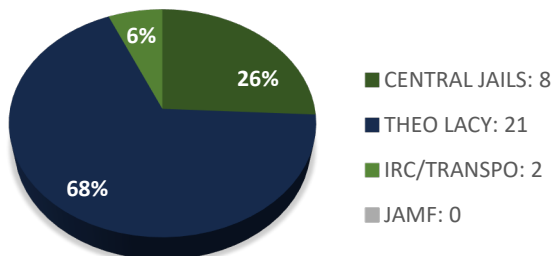


USAGE BY DIVISION



Custody Operations Summary

USAGE BY DIVISION *



INCIDENTS WITH ASSETS USED

# OF INCIDENTS	30
# OF USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS	27

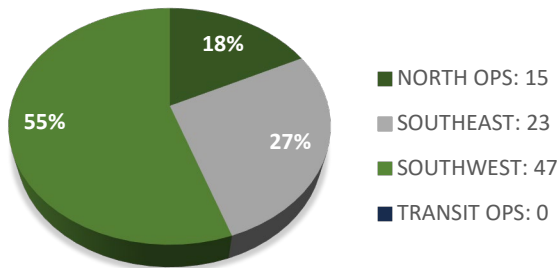
*Each incident may have had more than one asset used.

IRC/TRANSPORTATION	THEO LACY	CENTRAL JAILS										
<p>PURPOSE OF USE</p> <p>100%</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SUSPECT APPREHENSION: 2 	<p>PURPOSE OF USE</p> <p>57% / 43%</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CROWD CONTROL: 12 SUSPECT APPREHENSION: 9 	<p>PURPOSE OF USE</p> <p>75% / 25%</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CROWD CONTROL: 6 SUSPECT APPREHENSION: 2 										
<p>ASSETS USED</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	2	<p>ASSETS USED</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER</td> <td>14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40MM LAUNCHER</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>STING-BALL</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	14	40MM LAUNCHER	5	STING-BALL	2	<p>ASSETS USED</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER</td> <td>8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	8
PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	2											
PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	14											
40MM LAUNCHER	5											
STING-BALL	2											
PEPPERBALL LAUNCHER	8											

Patrol Operations Summary

94% of usage was for drone deployment used to map crime scenes, search and rescue operations, traffic collision investigations, or assist with surveillance.

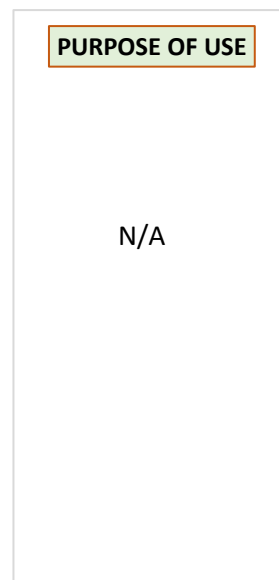
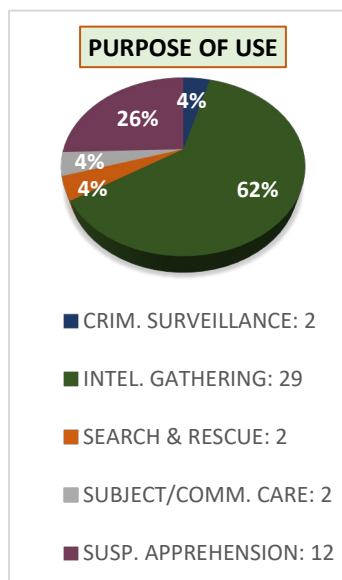
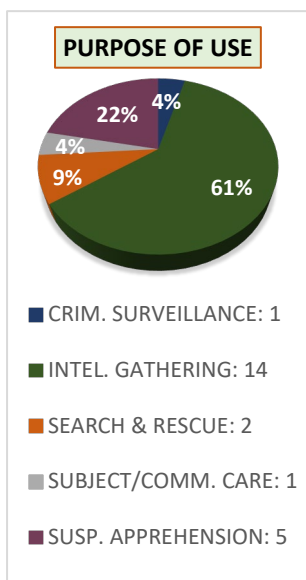
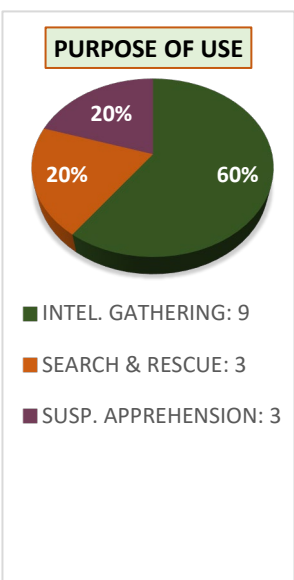
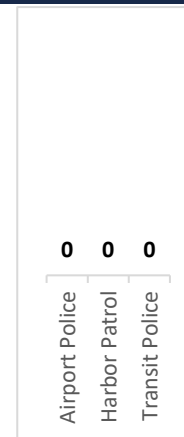
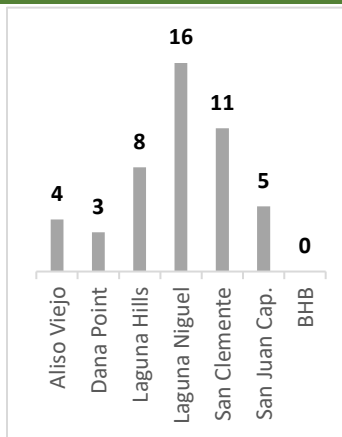
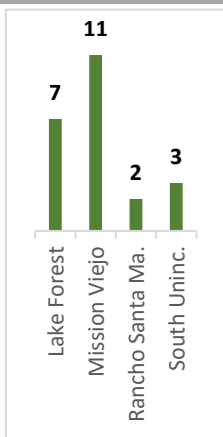
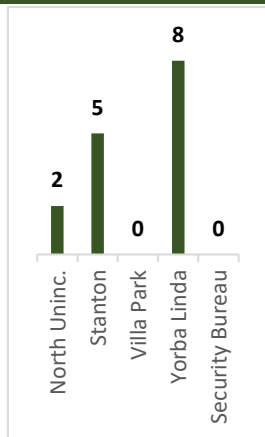
USAGE BY DIVISION



INCIDENTS WITH ASSETS USED	
# OF INCIDENTS	79
# OF USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS	5

ASSETS USED	
DRONE	79
40MM LAUNCHER	3
12 GAUGE LAUNCHER	3

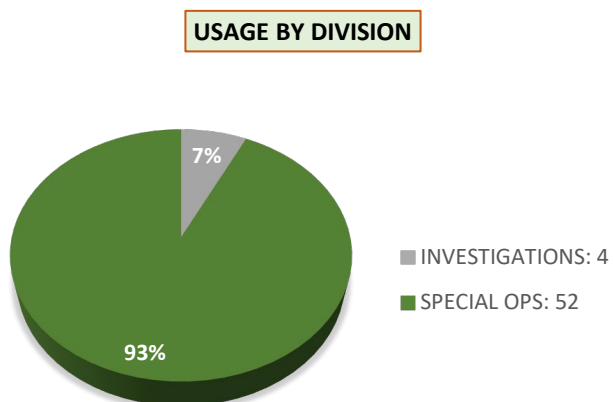
NORTH OPS	SOUTHEAST OPS	SOUTHWEST OPS	TRANSIT OPS
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Patrol Operations Summary (Continued)

CITY/UNINCORPORATED AREA	12 GAUGE LAUNCHER	40MM LAUNCHER	DRONE
NORTH PATROL	0	0	2
STANTON	1	0	4
YORBA LINDA	0	0	8
LAKE FOREST	1	0	6
MISSION VIEJO	0	0	11
RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA	0	0	2
SOUTHEAST UNINCORPORATED	0	0	3
ALISO VIEJO	0	0	4
DANA POINT	0	1	2
LAGUNA HILLS	0	0	8
LAGUNA NIGUEL	1	0	15
SAN CLEMENTE	0	0	11
SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO	0	2	3

Investigations & Special Operations Summary

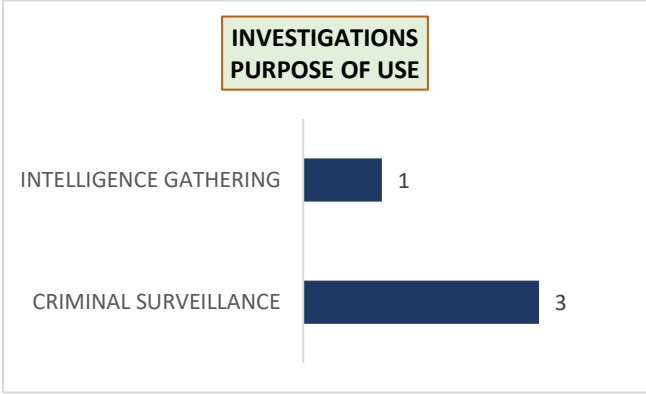
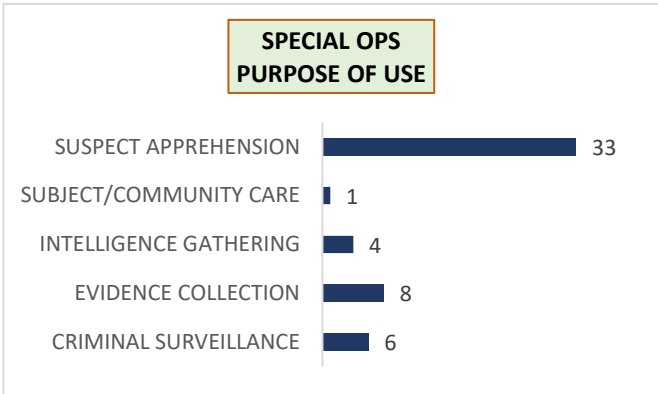
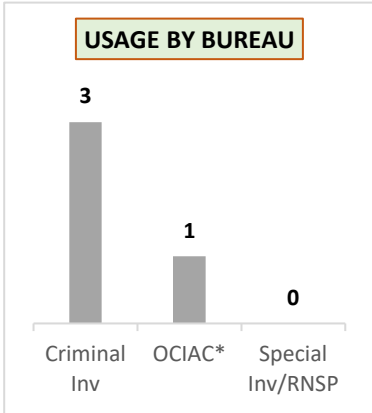
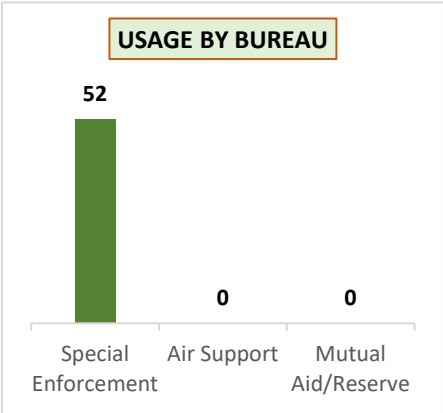


INCIDENTS WITH ASSETS USED	
# OF INCIDENTS	28
# OF USE OF FORCE INCIDENTS	1

ASSETS USED	
DRONE	22
LIGHT SOUND DIVERSIONARY DEVICE	11
ARMORED VEHICLE	10
CS GAS	5
COMMAND VEHICLE	4
40 MM LAUNCHER	2
ROBOT	2

Investigations & Special Operations Summary (Continued)

SPECIAL OPERATIONS INVESTIGATIONS



*OCIAC: 1 drone deployment.

Department Training Summary

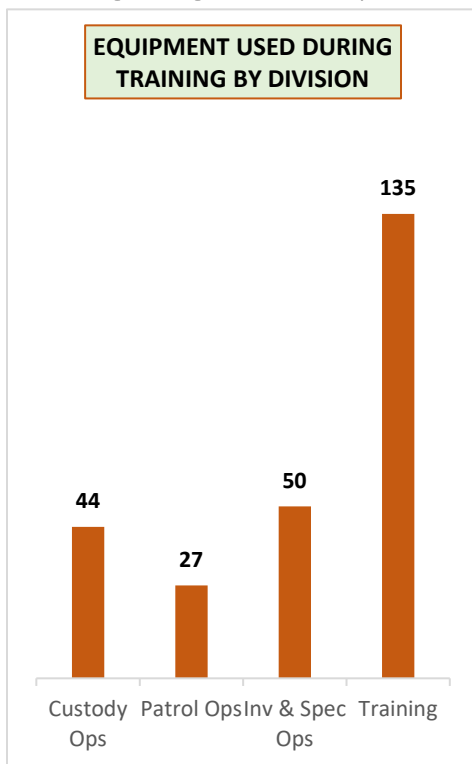
Less Lethal: Trainees at the Orange County Sheriff’s Department Academy receive 8 hours of training which includes the Less Lethal Shotgun, 40mm Less Lethal Launcher, Pepperball Launcher and Taser. After completing the Basic Academy, Deputy Sheriff’s and Sheriff’s Special Officers receive 4 hours of additional training on these same Less Lethal systems as part of the Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Perishable Skills Program (PSP) and Standardized Training for Corrections (STC), depending on their work location, every two years.

The training conducted on the Less Lethal systems include a classroom component consisting of nomenclature, application of the weapons system in the field with a focus on department policy, and legal requirements. The classroom portion of this course is concluded with a written exam, testing basic Less Lethal Weapons end-user knowledge. Once the classroom portion of the training is completed, a hands-on weapons proficiency is verified through a basic weapons manipulation (live fire) course.

Rifle: The Orange County Sheriff's Department Critical Incident Rifle Team (CIRT) program consists of approximately 400 members at any given time. To become a part of CIRT, deputies are required to attend an initial 40-hour patrol rifle course taught by the Firearms Training Unit (FTU), and a 20-hour Active Shooter/Multi-Assault Counter Terrorism Action Capabilities (MACTAC) course taught by the Special Weapons and Tactics Team (SWAT). These courses teach deputies the basic fundamentals of shooting the AR-15 platform rifle and the tactics needed to respond to critical incidents with a rifle. Once a year, each member is required to attend a 20-hour Recertification Course (ReCIRT) to remain active in the CIRT program. The first day of the ReCIRT course is taught by the FTU and provides a refresher on the fundamentals of shooting the rifle, while introducing advanced concepts/skills. The second day is taught by SWAT and provides a refresher on active shooter and MACTAC tactics.

In addition to attending ReCIRT annually, members are required to qualify with their rifles on a monthly or quarterly basis. These qualifications typically take 30-60 minutes, which includes set-up time and the explanation of the qualification. The content of the qualifications varies based on what the FTU decides to focus on for that quarter, but typically they provide a refresher on one or two fundamental skills (marksmanship, low-light, malfunctions, etc.).

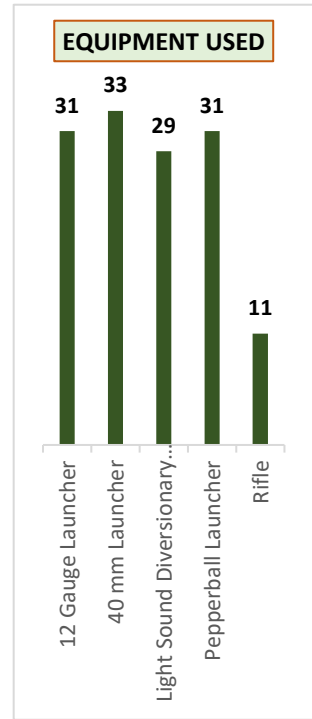
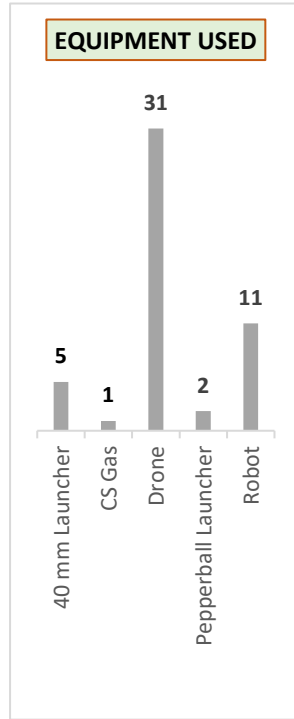
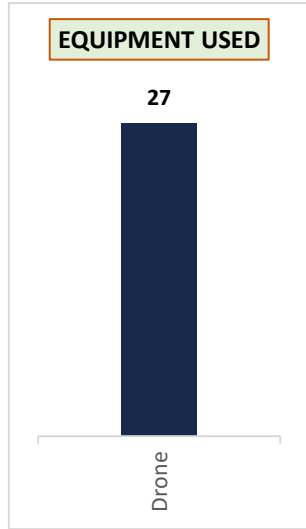
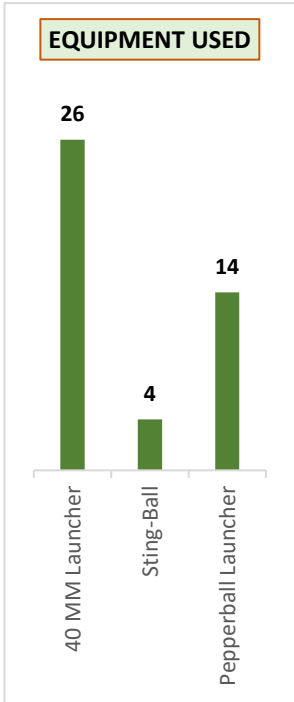
Training Usage Summary



AB481 ASSET INVOLVED TRAINING	
TOTAL TRAINING HOURS	2,207
TOTAL PERSONNEL TRAINED ON ASSETS 2022-2023 (JUNE-MARCH)	757

Training Usage Summary (Continued)

CUSTODY OPS	PATROL OPS	INV. & SPEC OPS	TRAINING
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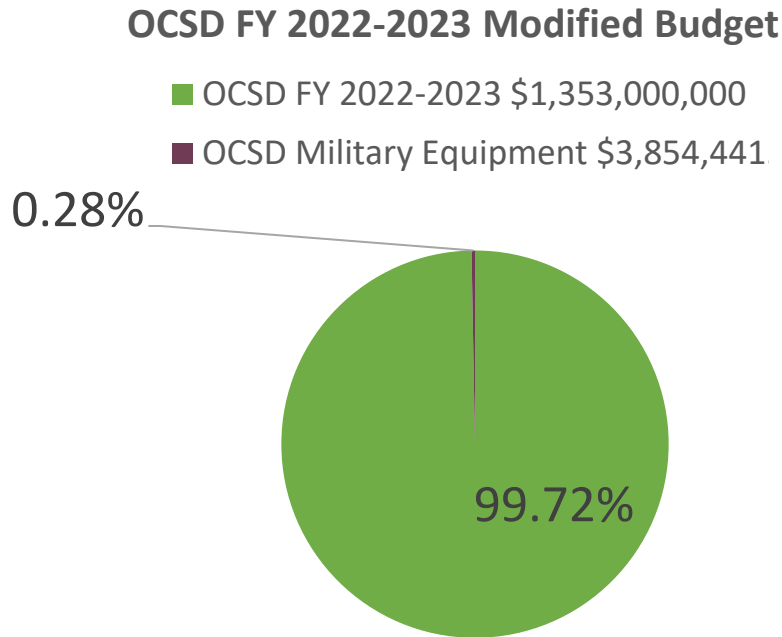
SUMMARY OF COMPLAINTS REGARDING MILITARY EQUIPMENT USAGE

There were no complaints regarding military equipment usage in 2022-2023 (June-March).

SUMMARY AND RESPONSES TO MILITARY EQUIPMENT POLICY VIOLATIONS

There were no policy violations regarding military equipment usage in 2022-2023 (June-March).

FISCAL IMPACT



Fiscal Year 2022-2023

Scope

The Financial/Administrative Services Division of the Orange County Sheriff's Department provides quality financial and administrative support to front-line public safety services and ensures the financial integrity of the Sheriff's Department. They accomplish this by striving for excellence in the services they provide. These services include: fiscal planning, cost analysis, procurement, contract, audit, payroll, jail cashing and accounting operations support. The Sheriff's Department provides public safety services in a transparent manner, and this financial report aims to include the costs of military equipment and how the procurement and funding of military equipment should take into consideration the public's welfare, safety, civil rights, and allow public input.¹

Considerations

The Department shall make the following considerations before seeking authorization for purchasing military equipment:

- The equipment is necessary because there is no reasonable alternative that could provide the same objective of personnel and civilian safety.
- The equipment is reasonably cost effective compared to alternatives that can achieve the same objectives of personnel and civilian safety.

¹ California Government Code §7071: https://leginfo.ca.gov/faces/billCompareClient.xhtml?bill_id=201720180AB3131

Departmental Cost

Currently, the Orange County Sheriff's Department maintains a workforce comprised of over 3,700 personnel. The Department's modified budget for FY 2022-23 is \$1.35 billion with the majority of the budget covering personnel expenses. The total cost of the Orange County Sheriff's Department's Military Equipment is \$3,854,441. This amount includes inventory costs of already acquired equipment prior to the implementation of AB 481. The total cost of these items is 0.28% of the overall budget. The amount spent on military equipment represents a small fraction of the Department's expenses. The funds spent on equipment are an integral part of the Sheriff's Department's ability to respond in a timely and effective manner to public safety concerns and keeping the Orange County community safe. The enhanced capability the current military equipment inventory provides is immense and cannot be understated from a public safety perspective.

Total Cost

The total cost of the Orange County Sheriff's Department's Military Equipment is \$3,854,441. This cost is divided into several categories: Armored Vehicles, Surveillance Equipment, Firearms, Ammunition, Less Lethal Weapons, Less Lethal Munitions, and Diversionary Devices. Costs vary depending on when the item was acquired and when the maintenance was completed. For example, the costs tracked for maintenance of armored vehicles reflect the Calendar Year 2022 costs provided by the Orange County Public Works Department. However, the vehicle may have been acquired in years prior. Additionally, the Orange County Sheriff's Department and the County of Orange capture costs between Fiscal Years that run from July to June. Acquisition numbers provided in this report are from the Orange County Sheriff's Department's AB 481 Military Equipment list as of March 31, 2023.

Military Equipment Expenditures by Category

CATEGORY	TOTAL COST
Armored Vehicles	\$1,268,253
Surveillance Equipment	\$814,075
Firearms	\$982,333
Ammunition	\$73,752
Less Lethal Weapons	\$263,545
Less Lethal Munitions	\$426,387
Diversionary Devices	\$26,096
Total	\$3,854,441

MILITARY EQUIPMENT INVENTORY

The following inventory tables list the quantities for each type of military equipment required for tracking per AB 481 as approved by the Orange County Board of Supervisors on June 7, 2022.

Firearm (Rifle) Inventory

Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
2A Armament	Balios	2
Barrett	REC7	1
Bravo Company	RECCE-16	190
Colt Defense	M4 Carbine	286
Daniel Defense	DDM4	40
Fabrique Nationale	FN 15	1
Geissele	Super Duty	1
Juggernaut	JT-15	1
LaRue Tactical	Optimized Battle Rifle	3
Lewis Machine and Tool	LMT Defender	2
LWRC	IC-DI	4
McMillan	TAC-50	2
Noveske	N3	3
Radian	Model 1	1
Remington 870	12 Gauge Breaching	2
Rock River Arms	LAR-15	8
Ruger	AR-556	2
Smith and Wesson	M&P 15	25
Springfield Armory	Saint Edge	11
Surgeon Scalpel	591	12

Ammunition Inventory

Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
Black Hills	5.56 Cal. 62 Grain TSX Rifle	1,000
Black Hills	5.56 Cal. 77 Grain OTM Rifle	1,000
Federal Gold Medal	.308 168 GR Rifle	12,000
Federal/American Eagle	.223/5.56 Training Ammo	12,000
Federal/Winchester	.223/5.56 Frangible Ammo	1,000
H&M	.50 Cal. 750 Grain Rifle	100
Royal Arms Tesar	275 GR 12 GA Frangible Round	100
Royal Arms Tesar	425 GR 12 GA Frangible Round	100
Speer	Gold DOT .223/5.56 62 Rifle	109,630

Less Lethal Inventory

Asset Type	Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
Breaching Shotgun	Remington	870	5
12 Gauge Launcher	Remington	870	96
40MM Launcher	Penn Arms	Single Shot #L140	92
40MM Launcher	Penn Arms	Multi Shot #L540	35
Pepperball Launcher	Tipman	A5	20

Less Lethal Munitions Inventory

Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
Combined Tactical System	40MM Exact Impact Sponge	6,364
Combined Tactical System	40MM .60 Cal Skip Round	2,350
Combined Tactical System	40MM .30 Cal Skip Round	44
Combined Tactical System	40MM CS Liquid Barricade	107
Combined Tactical System	40MM CS Powder Barricade	20
Combined Tactical System	40MM Aerial Flash Bang 100	6
Combined Tactical System	40MM Aerial Flash Bang 200	8
Combined Tactical System	Aerial Flash Bang 300	8
Combined Tactical System	2581 12GA Bean Bag Round	5,982
PepperBall	Inert Projectile	58,996
PepperBall	LIVE PAVA Projectile	61,077
Combined Systems	Flash Bang7290M, 7290-9	117
Combined Systems	9590, 9593, 9594	324
Combined Systems	CS Canister Grenade 5230, 8090	80
Combined Systems	White Smoke Canister Grenade	30
Defense Tech	Cont. Discharge CS 1072	20

Vehicle Inventory

Asset Type	Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
Armored Vehicle	Lenco	BEAR	1
Armored Vehicle	Lenco	BEARCAT	1
Armored Vehicle	International Armored Grp	Ford F-350 Rescue Van	1
Armored Vehicle	AM General	H1 #1038 (Rescue)	1
Armored Vehicle	AM General	H1 Hummer (Public Relations)	2
Armored Vehicle	Ford	E350 (Medical Transport)	1
Command Vehicle	North-Star	Chevy C5500	1

Remote Controlled Vehicle Inventory

Asset Type	Manufacturer	Model	Quantity
Drone	DJI	Mavic 2 Pro	11
Drone	DJI	Mavic 2 Enterprise Dual	3
Drone	DJI	Mavic 2 Enterprise Adv	1
Drone	AEE	Mach 4 UAV	1
Drone	Skydio	2 UAV	1
Drone	Parrot	Anafi Thermal FLIR drone	8
Robot	Remotec	Andros F6A/B	3
Robot	Transcend	Vantage TR0560	1

PROJECTED MILITARY EQUIPMENT 2023-2024

Hazardous Duty Unmanned Vehicle, Robot:

The Teledyne-Flir Packbot 525 is a man-transportable multi-mission robot remote controlled, tracked road wheel system, equipped with high definition & thermal imaging cameras, 2-way audio communication, capable of operating in chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) & Hazardous Material environments.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

A remotely operated robot purposely designed to operate in hazardous environments specific to Bomb Squad & Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) operations. This robot gives public safety bomb technicians the ability to examine suspicious items and the ability to perform render safe operations on suspected destructive devices or weapons of mass destruction remotely. It also has the capability to interface CBRN & Hazardous Material sensors on the robot to conduct area surveying to determine if an environment is safe for personnel to enter. With this capability, the robot operators can maintain a safe distance from the incident and move items to a safe location to resolve the incident safely.

Cost Per Robot: \$268,000 (1 General Fund, 1 State Homeland Security Grant), Quantity: 2

Purpose:

To be used during incidents involving suspected destructive devices, CBRN, Hazardous Materials, explosive environments to limit the exposure of public safety bomb technicians during these types of incidents.

Authorized Use:

This robot is deployed for incidents involving hazardous environments that present a danger to the public and first responders and can only be operated by FBI trained and certified public safety bomb technicians. Use will be approved by the on-scene Commander of the Hazardous Devices Section (HDS).

Expected Lifespan:

Expected lifespan for this type of robotics platform is 10+ years.

Fiscal Impacts:

Annual maintenance cost is expected to be \$500 a year for each robot.

Training:

All OCSD HDS personnel will receive training prior to the deployment of this robot. Bomb technicians will be required to conduct on-going robotics training annually to maintain proficiency with this piece of equipment. The annual training will also include scheduled maintenance checks to ensure the robot is properly maintained and in good working order to be deployed during critical incidents.

Legal & Procedural Rules:

The Orange County Sheriff's Department shall only utilize this equipment for official law enforcement purposes pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

Armored Rescue Vehicles (ARV's):

Commercially produced, ballistically protected, wheeled vehicles designed for law enforcement purposes.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

The Lenco BEARCAT is an armored rescue vehicle that provides its occupants with ballistic protection beyond ballistic shields or personal body armor, offering greater safety to community members and officers during high-risk incidents. The BEARCAT is smaller than the BEAR, providing greater mobility in tight city streets. The BEARCAT is equipped with a gas injection system as well as a camera pole. It is capable of seating a driver and seven (7) passengers.

Cost Per BEARCAT: \$406,470.63, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

Used in response to critical incidents to enhance officers and community safety, improve scene containment and stabilization, and assist in resolving critical incidents. Additionally, the ARVs may be deployed as displays for community outreach events.

Authorized Use:

The ARVs' use shall only be authorized by a Watch Commander or SWAT Commander based on the specific circumstances of a given critical incident. ARVs shall only be used by personnel trained in their deployment and in a manner consistent with Department policies/procedures.

Expected Lifespan:

All ARVs have an estimated lifespan of 10-15 years

Fiscal Impacts:

Annual maintenance cost is \$6,000.

Training:

All drivers/operators shall attend formalized instruction in vehicle operations, practical driving instruction, and deployment procedures.

Legal & Procedural Rules:

The Orange County Sheriff's Department shall only utilize this equipment for official law enforcement purposes pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

Armored Rescue Vehicles (ARV's):

Commercially produced, ballistically protected, tractor vehicles designed for law enforcement purposes.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

The Caterpillar 299D3 has a cab with A/C, two-speed, self-level, dual level suspension undercarriage, advanced machine information and control system. The subject ROOK comes equipped with an electro/hydraulic implement control, RH; electro/hydraulic hydrostatic transmission control LH; hand and foot throttle, 12-volt electrical system, 100 ampere alternator, gauges, operator warning system indicators, a cloth seat with an ergonomically contoured armrest and a control interlock system. In addition, the machine carries a Cat C3.8 DIT Turbo, Tier IV compliant diesel engine that has 98 net HP @ 2500 RPM, SOS Sampling valves, Engine Oil and Hydraulic Oil, Tilt up Radiator/Hydraulic Oil Cooler, Lockable Engine Enclosure, 4 Machine Tie Down Points. The ROOK comes with ballistic resistant glass and is SCBA compatible for Hazardous Material and WMD response. NVR (Network Video Recorder), WIFI, Transmitting Capability and dual modem with FirstNet capability.

Cost Per Tractor: \$509,799.00, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

Used in response to critical incidents to enhance officers and community safety, improve scene containment and stabilization, and assist in resolving critical incidents. Additionally, the Tactical Tractor may be deployed as displays for community outreach events.

Authorized Use:

The Tactical Tractor's use shall only be authorized by a Watch Commander or SWAT Commander based on the specific circumstances of a given critical incident. Tactical Tractor's shall only be used by personnel trained in their deployment and in a manner consistent with Department policies/procedures.

Expected Lifespan:

All Tactical Tractors have an estimated lifespan of 10-15 years

Fiscal Impacts:

Annual maintenance cost is \$6,000.

Training:

All drivers/operators shall attend formalized instruction in vehicle operations, practical driving instruction, and deployment procedures.

Legal & Procedural Rules:

The Orange County Sheriff's Department shall only utilize this equipment for official law enforcement purposes pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

Mobile Command Post Trailer:

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

The mobile command post (MCP) trailer provides Department technology capabilities during civil unrest, protests, special events, and mutual aid requests. The acquisition of this MCP will give the Mutual Aid Bureau the ability to deploy the trailer to a scene.

Cost Per Unit: \$1,500,000.00, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

A vehicle used during critical incidents as a field- based command post, providing Department Members access to Department computer systems and radio a communication center.

Authorized Use:

Only personnel trained in the use and deployment of the MCP, shall drive the vehicle under the direction of the Special Operations Division or their designee. Situations where the MCP may be deployed include but are not limited to critical incidents, natural disasters, and emergencies.

Expected Lifespan:

Estimated lifespan of 20 years

Fiscal Impacts:

Annual maintenance cost is \$5,000.

Training:

Drivers/Operators shall receive safe handling and maneuvering training on a closed training course. Once the driver/operator has shown competence in vehicle handling, the driver/operator will drive the vehicle with an experienced driver throughout the city. Driver/operators shall also undergo commercial vehicle testing and certification from the California Department of Motor Vehicles.

Legal & Procedural Rules:

The Orange County Sheriff's Department shall only utilize the MCP for official law enforcement purposes pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

Consumable Military Equipment:

The projected consumable military equipment acquisitions are expected to be in line with current replenishment schedules and quantities for consumables. A variety of commercial factors (i.e. supply and demand, inflation, supply chain issues etc.) may influence the fiscal impact of future military equipment acquisitions and ongoing military equipment purchases throughout the year. The replenishment schedules for military equipment consumables can vary and are dictated by inventory levels that fluctuate as a result of training, operational usage, or manufacturer recommended replacement guidelines. For the purposes of this section, consumable military equipment includes, but is not limited to:

- Ammunition
- Explosive Breaching Equipment
- Specialty Munitions
- Diversionary Devices
- Pepperball Munitions
- Specialty Impact Munitions

APPENDIX

OCSD Policy 711 Military Equipment

711.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the approval, acquisition, and reporting requirements of "military equipment" as defined by the California State Legislature (AB 481; Government Code § 7070; Government Code § 7071; Government Code § 7072).

711.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include (Government Code § 7070):

Governing body – In the case of a law enforcement agency of a county, including a sheriff's department, "governing body" means the Board of Supervisors.

Military equipment – Includes but is not limited to the following:

- Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles.
- Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers.
- High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles (HMMWV), two-and-one-half-ton trucks, five-ton trucks, or wheeled vehicles that have a breaching or entry apparatus attached.
- Tracked armored vehicles that provide ballistic protection to their occupants.
- Command and control vehicles that are either built or modified to facilitate the operational control and direction of public safety units.
- Weaponized aircraft, vessels, or vehicles of any kind.
- Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature. This does not include items to remove a lock, such as bolt cutters or a handheld ram designed to be operated by one person.
- Firearms and ammunition of .50 caliber or greater, excluding standard-issue shotguns and standard-issue shotgun ammunition.
- Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber, including assault weapons as defined in Penal Code § 30510 and Penal Code § 30515, with the exception of standard-issue service weapons and ammunition of less than .50 caliber.
- Any firearm or firearm accessory that is designed to launch explosive projectiles.
- "Flashbang" grenades and explosive breaching tools.
- Munitions containing tear gas or OC, and pepperballs, excluding standard, service issued handheld pepper spray.
- TASER® Shockwave, microwave weapons, water cannons, and long-range acoustic devices (LRADs).
- 40mm projectile launchers, "bean bag," rubber bullet and specialty impact munition (SIM) weapons
- Any other equipment as determined by a governing body or a state agency to require additional oversight.

711.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Orange County Sheriff's Department that Members of this Department comply with the provisions of Government Code § 7071 with respect to military equipment.

711.3 MILITARY EQUIPMENT COORDINATOR

The Sheriff has designated the SAFE Bureau to act as the military equipment coordinator. The responsibilities of the military equipment coordinator include but are not limited to:

- (a) Acting as liaison to the Board of Supervisors for matters related to the requirements of this policy.
- (b) Identifying Department equipment that qualifies as military equipment in the current possession of the Department, or the equipment the Department intends to acquire that requires approval by the governing body.
- (c) Conducting an inventory of all military equipment at least annually.
- (d) Collaborating with any allied agency that may use military equipment within the jurisdiction of the Department (Government Code § 7071).
- (e) Preparing for, scheduling, and coordinating the annual community engagement meeting to include: 1. Publicizing the details of the meeting. 2. Preparing for public questions regarding the Department's funding, acquisition, and use of equipment.
- (f) Preparing the annual military equipment report for submission to the Sheriff and the Board of Supervisors, and ensuring that the report is made available on the Department website (Government Code § 7072).
- (g) Coordinating the processing of complaints and concerns submitted pursuant to Section 711.11 of this policy.

711.4 MILITARY EQUIPMENT CONSIDERATIONS

(a) The military equipment acquired and authorized by the Department and approved by the Board of Supervisors is:

1. Necessary because there is no reasonable alternative that can achieve the same objective of officer and civilian safety.
2. Reasonably cost-effective compared to available alternatives that can achieve the same objective of officer and civilian safety.

(b) Military equipment shall be used by a Department member only after applicable training, as described in applicable Department Policies and Procedures, including the completion of any course required by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.

711.5 MILITARY EQUIPMENT INVENTORY

The following constitutes a list of qualifying equipment for the Department: See attached: Military Equipment Inventory.pdf

711.6 APPROVAL

The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall obtain approval from the governing body by way of an ordinance adopting the military equipment policy. As part of the approval process, the Sheriff or the authorized designee shall ensure the proposed military equipment policy is submitted to the governing body and is available on the Department website at least 30 days prior to any public hearing concerning the military equipment at issue (Government Code § 7071). The military equipment policy must be approved by the governing body prior to engaging in any of the following (Government Code §7071):

- (a) Requesting military equipment made available pursuant to 10 USC § 2576a.
- (b) Seeking funds for military equipment, including but not limited to applying for a grant, soliciting or accepting private, local, state, or federal funds, in-kind donations, or other donations or transfers.

- (c) Acquiring military equipment either permanently or temporarily, including borrowing or leasing.
- (d) Collaborating with another law enforcement agency in the deployment or other use of military equipment within the jurisdiction of this Department.
- (e) Using any new or existing military equipment for a purpose, in a manner, or by a person not previously approved by the governing body.
- (f) Soliciting or responding to a proposal for, or entering into an agreement with, any other person or entity to seek funds for, apply to receive, acquire, use, or collaborate in the use of military equipment.
- (g) Acquiring military equipment through any means not provided above.

711.7 COORDINATION WITH OTHER JURISDICTIONS

Military equipment used by any Member of this Department shall be in accordance with this policy and all applicable Department policies. Military equipment used by other departments that are providing mutual aid within the Orange County Sheriff's Department jurisdiction shall comply with their respective department's policies.

711.8 ANNUAL REPORT

Upon approval of a military equipment policy, the Sheriff or the authorized designee shall submit a military equipment report to the governing body for each type of military equipment approved within one year of approval, and annually thereafter for as long as the military equipment is available for use (Government Code § 7072).²⁹

The SAFE Bureau shall make each annual military equipment report publicly available on the Department website for as long as the military equipment is available for use. The report shall include all of the following information for the preceding calendar year:

- (a) A summary of how the military equipment was used and the purpose of its use.
- (b) A summary of any complaints or concerns received concerning the military equipment.
- (c) The results of any internal audits, any information about violations of the military equipment policy, and any actions taken in response.
- (d) The total annual cost for each type of military equipment, including acquisition, personnel, training, transportation, maintenance, storage, upgrade, and other ongoing costs, and from what source funds will be provided for the military equipment in the calendar year following submission of the annual military equipment report.
- (e) The quantity possessed for each type of military equipment.
- (f) If the law enforcement agency intends to acquire additional military equipment in the next year, the quantity sought for each type of military equipment.

711.9 COMPLIANCE

The Department will ensure that employees comply with this policy. Each Division is responsible for ensuring compliance with this policy and will be subject to an annual audit by the SAFE Division. All potential violations will be referred to the Internal Affairs Bureau for investigation. (Government Code §§ 7070(d), 7072(a),)

711.10 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Within 30 days of submitting and publicly releasing the annual report, the Department shall hold at least one well-publicized and conveniently located community engagement meeting, at which the public may discuss and ask questions regarding the annual report and the Department's funding, acquisition, or use of military equipment.

711.11 PUBLIC CONCERNS

Any member of the public may submit a question or concern regarding the Department's military equipment by contacting OCSD via email at info@ocsheriff.gov. A response to the question or concern shall be completed and provided by the Department in a timely manner.

Any member of the public may submit a Civilian Complaint Form, which is available on the Sheriff's website. Once the complaint is received, it shall be routed to the Internal Affairs Bureau in accordance with Policy 1020. (Government Code § 7070(d))

Orange County Sheriff's Department Military Equipment Inventory

CATEGORY 1- Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles

Unmanned Aerial System (UAS) - An unmanned aircraft and the associated equipment necessary to control it remotely.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

DJI MAVIC 2 PRO- Featuring an iconic Hasselblad L1D-20C camera which boasts a 1-inch CMOS sensor. Key features include its 5 mile range using DJI's new OcuSync

2.0 technology, up to 31 minutes of flight time with its 3850 mAh battery making it the longest flight time for a consumer drone on the market.

Cost: \$2,300, Quantity: 11

DJI MAVIC 2 ENTERPRISE DUAL- Featuring a fully integrated and stabilized dual sensor with Radiometric FLIR® thermal & visible imagery the Mavic 2 Enterprise Dual is one of the most capable aircrafts for its size and very affordable price point. Add-on modules include the spotlight, speaker and beacon.

Cost: \$3,000, Quantity: 3

DJI MAVIC 2 ENTERPRISE ADVANCED- The Mavic 2 Enterprise Advanced (M2EA) is a highly versatile yet compact tool and boasts a high-resolution 640x512 thermal camera as well as a 48MP visual camera. Thanks to the new RTK module, centimeter-level positioning can be achieved.

Cost: \$6,500, Quantity: 1

AEE MACH 4- The AEE Mach 4 is a ruggedized aircraft with rugged Ground Station Controller created to withstand the rigors of field work whether in wet, dusty, windy, or dirty conditions. It has been field-tested in a variety of applications. Ideal for inspections, overwatch, photography, and general UAV use, the aircraft is designed for flexibility to fit virtually any workflow.

Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

SKYDIO 2- Powered by the Nvidia Jetson Computer System and features a standard 4K camera that shoots at up to 60 fps. The Skydio 2 uses six cameras, with a total of 48MP of resolution, for obstacle avoidance purposes, making it one of the safest drones around, in terms of avoiding a crash.

Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

PARROT ANAFI THERMAL- Featuring the FLIR® Lepton 3.5 microbolometer (radiometric) thermal imager with a resolution of 160x120. An ultra-compact and portable drone capable of stunning 4K HDR aerial videography, and thermal imaging that can help a variety of professional industries. The dual sensors have been made to work in full synchronization, blending the thermal imaging over the visible footage.

Cost: \$1,600, Quantity: 8

Purpose:

To be deployed when its view would assist officers or incident commanders with the following situations, which include but are not limited to:

Post-incident crime scene preservation and documentation,

Bomb Squad missions,

Response to hazardous materials spills,

Traffic collision investigations,

Search and Rescue (SAR) missions as defined in the Department SAR Operations Manual,

Public safety and life preservation missions to include, but not be limited to, barricaded suspects, hostage situations, active shooters, apprehension of armed and dangerous and/or violent suspects, and high-risk search warrants,

Disaster response and recovery to include natural or human caused disasters including a full overview of a disaster area for post incident analysis and documentation,

Training flights in support of the Department UAV Training Manual,

For fire response and prevention,

When there is probable cause to believe that (1) the UAV may record images of a place, thing, condition, or event; and (2) that those images would be relevant in proving that a crime had occurred or is occurring, or that a particular person committed or is committing a crime and use of the UAV does not infringe upon the reasonable expectation of privacy,

Pursuant to a search warrant,

Inspection of Orange County property and facilities, to include OCIAC locations designated under the US Department of Homeland Security's Critical Infrastructure Sectors,

Production of video for the Department and other County of Orange agencies/departments for promotional, educational and/or training purposes.

Authorized Use:

Only assigned operators who have completed the required training shall be permitted to operate any UAV during approved missions.

Expected Lifespan:

All UAV equipment has an estimated lifespan of 3-5 years.

Fiscal Impact:

The estimated annual cost of the UAV program maintenance is \$9,000.

Training:

All Department UAV operators will be licensed by the Federal Aviation Administration for UAV operation under 14CFR Part 107. In addition, each operator must attend ongoing currency flights and training.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only deploy the UAV for official law enforcement purposes or approved missions pursuant to applicable Federal & State laws, OCSD UAV Policy 308, and in a manner that respects the privacy of our community.

Hazardous Duty Unmanned Vehicle, Robot - A heavy-duty remote controlled, tracked, robotic ground vehicle equipped with cameras, two-way audio communication, articulating arm with gripper, and a variety of remotely actuated tool options.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Remotec Andros F6A/B hazardous duty unmanned vehicle- A remotely operated hazardous duty robotic platform providing Certified Public Safety Bomb Technicians with the ability to remotely access, investigate, and render safe suspected hazardous devices and items. The F6A/B is a multi-mission platform which also provides Bomb Technicians with the ability to gain access to and observe the interior/exterior of a structure or location. This capability increases the safety of community members, public safety personnel, and suspects by providing the robot operator with the ability to observe and locate subjects and hazardous items without the risk of a face-to-face confrontation or unnecessary exposure to hazardous devices or materials. Additionally, the remote, two-way, communication capability allows personnel to de-escalate situations by negotiating the surrender of barricaded subjects. Robot may be controlled wirelessly with two-way radio frequency transceivers or spooled fiber optic line.

Cost: \$250,000, Quantity: 3

Purpose:

The Remotec Andros is a multi-mission capable platform, which may be utilized for accessing, investigating, and rendering safe hazardous devices, providing tactical support during SWAT deployments, allowing for two-way communication and remote delivery of throw phones during crisis negotiations, and deployment of various detectors for monitoring hazardous materials.

Authorized Use:

The tactical robot shall only be deployed by Department personnel trained in its use, and with the approval of the SWAT Commander, Watch Commander, or their designee.

Expected Lifespan:

The remaining lifespan is approximately 5-10 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance costs under contract, not to exceed \$10,000.00.

Training:

Only Certified Public Safety Bomb Technicians are authorized to deploy the Remotec Andros F6A/B platform operationally. All Bomb Technicians receive robot operations training during the FBI Basic Bomb Technician Certification Course and all robot operators shall receive initial training before deploying the robot in the field.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department shall only utilize the robot for official law enforcement purposes and pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

Transcend Vantage Tactical Robot (TR0560) - A remotely controlled, tracked, robot equipped with cameras, two-way audio communication, and CS smoke deployment capabilities.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

A remotely operated tactical robot providing officers with the ability to observe the interior/exterior of a structure or location. This capability increases the safety of community members, officers, and suspects by providing the operator with the ability to observe and locate subjects without the risk of a face-to-face confrontation. Additionally, the remote, two-way, communication capability allows operators to de-escalate situations by negotiating the surrender of barricaded subjects. It also provides an option of transporting and deploying a CS smoke canister into an area without exposing personnel into a threat area.

Cost: \$10,475, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

To be used during tactical incidents to safely search the interior/ exterior of structures and locations without exposing officers and/or community members to the risk of a face-to-face confrontation or hazard areas.

Authorized Use:

The tactical robot shall only be deployed by Department personnel trained in its use, and with the approval of the SWAT Commander, Watch Commander, or their designee.

Expected Lifespan:

The robot's lifespan is approximately 10 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance cost of approximately \$500.

Training:

All operators shall receive initial training before deploying the robot in the field.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department shall only utilize the robot for official law enforcement purposes and pursuant to State and Federal Laws.

CATEGORY 2- Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers

Armored Rescue Vehicles (ARVs): Commercially-produced, ballistically protected, wheeled vehicles designed for law enforcement purposes.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Lenco BEAR- The Lenco BEAR is an armored rescue vehicle that provides its occupants with ballistic protection beyond ballistic shields or personal body armor. It offers greater safety to community members and officers during high-risk incidents. It is capable of seating a driver and 10-12 passengers.

Cost: \$293,745, Quantity: 1

Lenco BEARCAT- The Lenco BEARCAT is an armored rescue vehicle that provides its occupants with ballistic protection beyond ballistic shields or personal body armor, offering greater safety to community members and officers during high-risk incidents. The BEARCAT is smaller than the BEAR, providing greater mobility in tight city streets. The BEARCAT is equipped with a gas injection system as well as a camera pole. It is capable of seating a driver and seven (7) passengers.

Cost: \$406,470.63, Quantity: 1

International Armored Group (IAG) Armored Ford F350 Rescue Van- The IAG Armored Van is an armored rescue vehicle that provides its occupants with ballistic protection beyond ballistic shields or personal body armor. It offers greater safety to community members and officers during high-risk incidents. It is capable of seating a driver and 10-12 passengers.

Cost: \$146,275, Quantity: 1

Ford E350 Armored Medical Transport Van (MTV)- The FordE350ArmoredMTV is an armored rescue vehicle that provides its occupants with ballistic protection beyond ballistic shields or personal body armor, offering greater safety to community members and officers during high-risk incidents. It is capable of seating a driver and seven (7) passengers.

Cost: \$138,000, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

Used in response to critical incidents to enhance officers and community safety, improve scene containment and stabilization, and assist in resolving critical incidents.

Additionally, the ARVs may be deployed as displays for community outreach events.

Authorized Use:

The ARVs' use shall only be authorized by a Watch Commander or SWAT Commander based on the specific circumstances of a given critical incident. ARVs shall only be used by personnel trained in their deployment and in a manner consistent with Department policies/procedures.

Expected Lifespan:

All ARVs have an estimated lifespan of 10-15 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Lenco BEAR: The Lenco BEAR was purchased in 2005 using UASI grant funding.

Annual maintenance cost: \$6,600

Lenco BEARCAT: The Lenco BEARCAT was purchased in 2018 using department funding.

Annual maintenance cost: \$6,000

International Armored Group (IAG), Armored Ford F350 Rescue Van: The IAG Armored Rescue Van was purchased in 2018 using department funding.

Annual maintenance cost: \$6,000

Ford E350 Armored Medical Transport Van (MTV): The Ford E350 Armored MTV was purchased in 1998 with department funding.

Annual maintenance cost: \$6,000

Training:

All drivers/operators shall attend formalized instruction in vehicle operations, practical driving instruction, and deployment procedures.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

Armored personnel carriers will only be operated by department members who have been trained in their operation and according to Department Policy.

CATEGORY 3- High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles or vehicles that have a breaching apparatus attached

High Mobility Multipurpose Wheeled Vehicles (HMMWV) - Humvees (HMMWV) are utilized by Department personnel for Search and Rescue transportation as well as parade and non-enforcement special events with community relations programs and public.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

AM GENERAL/H1- #M1038, Four door, four-wheel drive utility vehicle with light bar, siren, and casualty litter. Assigned to Search and Rescue.

Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

AM GENERAL/H1- Hummer, Four door, four-wheel drive utility vehicle with light bar, siren. Designated for Public Relations events.

Cost: Donated, Quantity: 2

Purpose:

Allow personnel to gain access to areas that patrol vehicles cannot traverse while conducting search and rescue operations. Vehicles are also used for public relations events.

Authorized Use:

Used in search and rescue operations and public relations events.

Expected Lifespan:

An AM General H1 Hummer has an estimated lifespan of 10-15 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance cost for each AM General Hummer H1 is approximately \$6,000

Training:

Drivers/Operators shall receive safe handling and maneuvering training on a closed training course.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles will only be operated by department members who have been trained in their operation and according to Department Policy.

CATEGORY 5- Command and control vehicles

SWAT Mobile Command Vehicle (MCV) - A vehicle used during critical incidents as a field-based command post, providing Incident Commanders with access to Department computer systems and radio communication center

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Chevy C5500 Chassis (North-Star custom built) vehicle- The SWAT MCV is utilized for SWAT/CNT and other critical incidents, significant, preplanned events, searching for missing persons, natural disasters, and community events in which SWAT is involved.

Cost: \$230,728.29, Quantity: 1

Purpose:

Used for critical incidents based on the circumstances of a specific event, large event, or natural disaster to effectively and efficiently serve the community.

Authorized Use:

Only personnel trained in the use and deployment of the MCV, shall drive the vehicle under the direction of the Special Enforcement Bureau or their designee. Situations where the MCV may be deployed include but are not limited to critical incidents, natural disasters, and emergencies.

Expected Lifespan:

The MCV has an estimated lifespan of 15-years; however, upgrades are required in 5- year intervals to maintain communications and IT systems.

Fiscal Impact:

The MCV was purchased in 2007 using UASI grant funding. Annual maintenance cost is \$5,500.

Training:

Drivers/Operators shall receive safe handling and maneuvering training on a closed training course. Once the operator has shown competence in vehicle handling, the driver/operator will drive the vehicle with an experienced driver throughout the city. Driver/operators shall also undergo commercial vehicle testing and certification from the California Department of Motor Vehicles.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

Command and control vehicles will only be operated by department members who have been trained in their operation and according to Department Policy.

CATEGORY 7- Battering rams, slugs and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature

Breaching Shotguns and Munitions - Shotguns and specialty munitions utilized to access secured structures.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Breaching Shotgun Modified Remington 870- Remington 870 shotgun modified for breaching- The breaching shotgun is a Remington 870 shotgun that is shortened and modified to improve maneuverability and effectiveness to access structures in a tactical environment.

Cost: \$1,000, Quantity: 2

Royal Arms Tesar-1 Orange Cap 275 GR. Copper Frangible- The 12-gauge Royal Arms Tesar-1 Breaching Round is a 12-gauge shell loaded with a compressed copper frangible slug. It is a widely used method to breach door locks or hinges for entry during tactical operations. When properly deployed, the Royal Arms Tesar-1 Breaching Round can defeat door lock mechanisms, doorknobs, hinges, deadbolts, safety chains, and padlocks on both solid wood or hollow core doors. Upon impact with the target, the compressed copper slug disintegrates into a fine powder reducing fragmentation.

Cost: \$5, Quantity: 100

Royal Arms Tesar-2 Black Cap 425 GR. Copper Frangible- The 12-gauge Royal Arms Tesar-2 Breaching Round is a 12-gauge shell loaded with a compressed copper frangible slug. It is a widely used method to breach door locks or hinges for entry during tactical operations. When properly deployed, the Royal Arms, Tesar-2 Breaching Round can defeat door lock mechanism, doorknobs, hinges, deadbolts, safety chains, and padlocks on metal doors, solid wood, or hollow core doors. Upon impact with the target, the compressed copper slug disintegrates into a fine powder reducing fragmentation.

Cost \$5, Quantity: 100

Purpose:

Used to defeat locking mechanisms on doors or gates to quickly gain access to a structure.

Authorized Use:

Breaching shotguns and munitions shall only be utilized by trained members of the Department's SWAT Team.

Expected Lifespan:

Remington Breaching Shotguns: 10 years.

Royal Arms Breaching Rounds: 5 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance of shotguns is approximately \$250.

Training:

All SWAT Team members deploying breaching shotguns and munitions shall receive initial training before utilizing them in the field.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize breaching shotguns and munitions for official law enforcement purposes in accordance with State and Federal law.

CATEGORY 8- Firearms of .50 caliber or greater

Rifles - Shoulder-fired firearms, with rifling cut into its barrel, intended to cause projectiles to spin, improving accuracy over a long distance.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

McMillan TAC-50- .50 Caliber, The McMillan TAC-50 Tactical Rifle features a 29" match grade fluted barrel, Jewel trigger, long-range high-powered scope, detachable magazine, and gray finish. The McMillan TAC-50 delivers optimal long-range accuracy and reliability.

Cost: \$12,850, Quantity: 2

Purpose:

Used as precision weapons to address threats that exceed the capability of the Department's standard-issue handgun.

Authorized Use:

Only Members POST certified in the use of the rifle are authorized to deploy them in the field.

Expected Lifespan:

McMillan TAC 50 Rifle: 10 Years

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for each rifle is approximately \$100.

Training:

Prior to deploying a rifle, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize firearms in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

CATEGORY 9- Ammunition of .50 caliber or greater**Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:**

H&M .50 Caliber 750 Grain Rifle Round- The H&M .50 Caliber rifle ammunition is loaded to stringent specifications to guarantee proper ignition and provide consistent, pinpoint accuracy. Each component was selected to ensure uniformity which when coupled with strict quality control means that each round will be loaded to the proper length, consistent charges, consistent pressure, optimal velocity, and repeatable accuracy. This 50 BMG ammunition performs as well or better than hand loads. This rifle ammunition is loaded with one of the most accurate and consistent match bullets in the world: the 750 grain A-Max Boat Tail. Coupled with precision swagged cores and manufactured to the tightest standards in the industry.

Cost: \$8 per round, Quantity: 100

Purpose:

To be used in Department rifles to address lethal threats to the community and Department personnel with greater accuracy, enhancing community safety.

Authorized Use:

Only members who are POST certified in the use of the rifle are authorized to utilize rifle ammunition.

Expected Lifespan:

The ammunition listed above does not have an expiration date.

Fiscal Impact:

The Department budgets \$196,000 annually for all Department firearm ammunition.

Training:

Prior to deploying a rifle, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize firearms in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

CATEGORY 10- Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber

Rifles: Shoulder-fired firearms, with rifling cut into its barrel, intended to cause projectiles to spin, improving accuracy over a long distance.

*Donated includes the personal purchase of these rifles from Department Members for official use.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

AR-15 Style .223/5.56 Rifle- A lightweight, shoulder-fired, magazine-fed, gas- operated, rifle with a long spirally grooved barrel intended to make a bullet spin and thereby have greater accuracy over a long distance with greater ballistic capabilities than a pistol. Modular accessories aiding in the operation and use may vary on each individual rifle.

Rock River Arms/ Hodge Defense HDS/K9 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 20

Colt Defense M4/ Hodge Defense SWAT 5.56 Rifle- Cost: \$6,650, Quantity: 55

2A Armament Balios 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 2

Barrett REC7 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

Bravo Company RECCE-16 5.56 Rifle- Cost: \$1,499.99, Quantity: 190

Colt M4 Carbine 5.56 Rifle- Cost: \$1,199.00 Quantity: 286

Daniel Defense DDM4 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 40

Fabrique Nationale FN 15 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

Geissele Super Duty Rifle 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

Juggernaut JT-15 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

Lewis Machine and Tool LMT Defender 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 2

LWRC IC-DI 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 4

Noveske N3 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 3

Radian Model 1 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 1

Rock River LAR-15 5.56 Rifle- Cost: \$1,025.00, Quantity: 8

Ruger AR-556 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 2

Smith & Wesson M&P 15 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 25

Springfield Armory Saint Edge 5.56 Rifle- Cost: Donated, Quantity: 11

Surgeon Scalpel 591 Short Action Tactical Rifle, .308 Caliber, equipped with rifle High/Low Power Magnification Scope and sound suppressor- Surgeon Rifle's Model Scalpel 591 Short Action Tactical Rifle features an 18" Heavy MTU style barrel, low/high power rifle scope, sound suppressor, detachable magazine, Accuracy International FDE Chassis, muzzle break, and Trigger Tech trigger. The Surgeon Scalpel 591 Rifle is built around precision and is capable of.

Cost: \$9,800, Quantity: 12

LaRue Tactical Optimized Battle (OBR) Rifle, .308 Caliber- The Larue OBR 7.62, AR10 Style rifle features a 16.1" barrel, Larue MBT Trigger, Magpul PRS Stock, sound suppressor, and detachable magazine. The Larue OBR is precision-built rifle focused on accuracy. The rifle is an AR10 platform which allows for a higher capacity of ammunition in a detachable magazine.

Cost: \$8,815, Quantity: 3

Purpose:

A precision weapon used to address a threat with more accuracy at greater distances than a handgun.

Authorized Use:

Only Members POST certified in the use of the rifle are authorized to deploy them in the field.

Expected Lifespan:

AR-15 style .223/5.56 rifles listed above have an expected lifespan between 5 and 10 years depending upon use.

Surgeon Scalpel 591 Tactical Rifle: 8 years

McMillan TAC 50 Rifle: 10 Years

LaRue Tactical Rifle: 8 Years

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for each rifle is approximately \$100.

Training:

Prior to deploying a rifle, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize firearms in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

Rifle Ammunition: Ammunition specifically designed for use in Department rifles

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Speer, .223 caliber, 62 grain, Gold Dot Soft Point rifle ammunition- The Speer .223 Gold Dot Soft Point rifle round is built with a 62-grain lead projectile encased with a copper jacket with the lead tip exposed. The projectile is designed to deform upon impact to significantly limit the amount of over-penetration past the intended barrier. This ammunition is the current issued duty rifle ammunition for duty rifles.

Cost: .51¢ per round, Quantity: 109,630 rounds

Black Hills 5.56 Caliber 62 Grain TSX Rifle Round- The Black Hills 5.56 Caliber TSX rifle round is built with a 62 grain triple shock (TSX) proprietary bullet constructed of 100 percent copper and contains no lead. These bullets typically retain 100 percent of their original weight and are regarded as one of the best performing 5.56 Caliber loads available.

Cost: \$1.40 per round, Quantity: 1,000 rounds

Black Hills 5.56 Caliber 77 Grain OTM Rifle Round- The Black Hills 5.56 Caliber 77 OTM rifle round is a precision-built bullet with a 77 grain Sierra Open Tip Match (OTM) bullet. It features a boat tail design to improve long range accuracy. The bullet jacket is constructed of a copper-alloy which is harder than other lead materials.

Cost: \$1.06 per round, Quantity: 1,000 rounds

Federal/American Eagle .223/5.56 Caliber Training Ammunition-. Federal XM193X American Eagle 5.56x45mm NATO 55 grain Full Metal Jacket Boat Tail - American Eagle rifle ammunition offers consistent, accurate performance at a price that's perfect for high-volume shooting. The loads feature quality bullets, reloadable brass cases and dependable primers.

Cost: .30¢ per round, Quantity: 12,000 rounds

Federal/Winchester .223/5.56 Caliber Frangible Training Ammunition-. Federal and Winchester Frangible .223 Remington ammunition is loaded with a 42 grain Reduced Hazard Training (RHT) bullet. BallistiClean features frangible Reduced Hazard Training bullets that break-up immediately on contact with metal targets, significantly reducing ricochet and backlash danger. BallistiClean loads feature a copper-plated primer and a "NT" (non-toxic)

headstamp to clearly identify BallistiClean as a training round at a glance, eliminating confusion with duty rounds. With this Federal ammunition range operators have no hazardous waste disposal problems and it meets or exceeds all OSHA and EPA standards.

Cost: .58¢, Quantity: 1,000 rounds

Federal Gold Medal.308 168 GR Rifle Round- The Federal Gold Medal.308 Winchester ammunition is new production ammo that features a 168 Grain Sierra MatchKing Hollow Point Boat Tail bullet, a non-corrosive boxer primer, and the.308 Winchester ammunition is brand new never fired virgin brass casing that can be reloaded up to seven times for those shooters that reload their .308 Winchester ammunition. Sierra MatchKing Boat-tail bullet with Federal's proprietary delivery system. Federal's Gold Medal.308 Winchester ammo offers a muzzle speed of 2,650 feet per second and muzzle energy of 2,619 foot pounds.

Cost: .78¢ per round, Quantity: 12,000 rounds

Purpose:

To be used in Department rifles to address lethal threats to the community and Department personnel with greater accuracy, enhancing community safety.

Authorized Use:

Only Members POST certified in the use of the rifle are authorized to utilize rifle ammunition.

Expected Lifespan:

The ammunition listed above does not have an expiration date.

Fiscal Impact:

The Department budgets \$680,000 annually for all Department firearm ammunition to include rifle, handgun, and shotgun ammunition. Approximately \$200,000 of the ammunition budget is used for ordering rifle ammunition.

Training:

Prior to deploying a rifle, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the rifle. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize firearms in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

CATEGORY 12- Flash-bang devices and munitions containing tear gas or oleoresin capsicum

Stingball - A device used as a crowd management tool.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

CTS #9590, #9593, #9594- Non-Irritant Sting-Ball. These less lethal devices are multi-effect with a loud blast, bright flash, and dispersion of stinging approximately 180 .31 caliber rubber balls. There is a fuse delay of approximately 2.5 seconds with an approximate 50-foot effective radius this device can be used as diversionary device as well as less lethal.

Cost: \$56.65, Quantity: 324

Purpose:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur.

However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject's actions.

Authorized Use:

Situations where the deployment of less-lethal impact or munitions are authorized include but are not limited to:

Self-destructive, dangerous, and/or combative individuals

Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained

Expected Lifespan:

Stingballs have a life span of 5 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for all stingballs is \$50 total.

Training:

Prior to deploying the Sting-Ball, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the Sting-Ball. Additionally, all members that operate any Less Lethal Devices are required to pass a qualification course of instruction according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize less lethal devices in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

Light Sound Diversionary Devices (LSDD) - A device used to distract or divert a person's attention.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Combined Tactical Systems, 7290 Flash-Bang- A non-bursting, non-fragmenting, light sound diversionary device that emits a bright light and thunderous noise. Ideal for distracting or diverting a potentially dangerous person's or persons' attention.

Cost: \$39.53, Quantity: 0

Combined Tactical Systems, 7290M Mini Flash-Bang- A non-bursting, non- fragmenting, light sound diversionary device that emits a bright light and thunderous noise. Ideal for distracting or diverting a potentially dangerous person's or persons' attention.

Cost: \$37.15, Quantity: 115

Combined Tactical Systems, 7290-9 Flash-Bang- A non-bursting, non-fragmenting light sound diversionary device that provides 9 unique flash bang actions within a single hand safe assembly.

Cost: \$125, Quantity: 2

Purpose:

A light sound diversionary device is ideal for distracting or diverting a person's or persons' attention by emitting a bright light and thunderous noise.

Authorized Use:

Light sound diversionary devices shall only be used by trained members of the Department's SWAT Team.

Expected Lifespan:

Until deployed.

Fiscal Impact:

No annual maintenance.

Training:

Prior to deploying a light sound diversionary device, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the light sound diversionary device. Additionally, all members that operate any rifle are required to pass a range qualification according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The department will only utilize light sound diversionary devices for official law enforcement purposes and pursuant to State and Federal law.

PepperBall Launcher and Munitions - A device that allows a law enforcement officer to maintain distance from an assailant or crowd.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Tippmann Pepperball Launcher- Semi-automatic, gas operated launcher, gravity feed, steel barrel with charging handle. The safety is a push button, cross bolt trigger safety. It will launch a standard Pepperball projectile. The projectiles are fired at the velocity of between 300 to 380 feet per second. It has approximately 8 to 10 foot-pounds of kinetic energy. Target range is 0-30 feet (individual) and a maximum range of 100 feet (area of saturation).

Cost: \$199.95 (with loader) each, Quantity: 179

PepperBall Inert Practice Projectiles- Projectiles contain a harmless, scented powder, best suited for practice or direct impact when chemical exposure is not desired, .68 caliber and weigh 3 grams.

Cost: .89¢ each, Quantity: 58,996

Live SD™ Projectiles- Projectiles contain 2.0% PAVA. It is effective for direct impact and area saturation. .68 caliber and weigh 3 grams.

Cost: \$2.78 each, Quantity: 61,077

Purpose:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur.

However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject's actions.

Authorized Use:

Situations where the deployment of less-lethal impact or munitions are authorized include but are not limited to:

Self-destructive, dangerous, and/or combative individuals

Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained

Expected Lifespan:

Tippmann Pepperball Launcher: 20 years

All Pepperball projectiles have a life span of 3 years.

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for the Tippmann Pepperball Launcher is approximately \$50 each.

Training:

Prior to deploying the Pepper Ball Launcher and Munitions, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of the Pepper Ball Launcher. Additionally, all members that operate any Less Lethal Devices are required to pass a qualification course of instruction according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize less lethal devices in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

Chemical Agent and Smoke Canisters - Canisters that disperse chemical agents and/or smoke when deployed.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Combined Tactical Systems, CS Canister, #5230- The 5230 CS Canister is a large diameter burning device that discharges a high volume of smoke and chemical agent through multiple emission ports. It expels its payload in approximately 20-40 seconds. The payload is discharged through five emission ports. This launchable canister is 6.20 in. by 2.6in and holds approximately 460gm of active agent.

Cost: \$27.92, Quantity: 30

Combined Tactical Systems, Outdoor Tactical CS, #8230- The 8230 Outdoor tactical CS is the smallest diameter burning device that discharges high volume of smoke and chemical agent through multiple emission ports. It expels its payload in approximately 20-40 seconds. This launchable device is 4.90 in. 1.41in and holds approximately 195gm of active agent.

Cost: \$21.12, Quantity: 50

Combined Tactical Systems, White Smoke Canister, #5210- The 5210 White Smoke Canister is a pyrotechnic smoke device used for concealment or as a signaling device. It expels its payload in approximately 20-40 seconds. The payload is discharged through five emission ports. This launchable canister is 6.20in by 2.60in and holds approximately 460gm of active smoke.

Cost: \$26.41, Quantity: 30

Defense Technology, CS Spede-heat Continuous Discharge Chemical CS #1072- The Spede-Heat CS is high volume, continuous burn and it expels its payload in approximately 20-40 seconds. The payload is discharged through four gas ports on top of the canister, three on the side and one on the bottom. This launchable device is 6.12 in. by 2.62 in. and holds approximately 2.9 oz. of active agent.

Cost: \$26.66, Quantity: 20

Purpose:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur.

However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject's actions.

Authorized Use:

Situations where the deployment of less-lethal impact or chemical munitions are authorized include but are not limited to:

Self-destructive, dangerous, and/or combative individuals

Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained

Tactical situations involving the deployment of the Department's SWAT Team.

Expected Lifespan:

5 years from manufacturing date.

Fiscal Impact:

No annual maintenance costs.

Training:

Prior to deploying Chemical Agent and Smoke Canisters, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of Chemical Agent and Smoke Canisters.

Additionally, all members that operate any Less Lethal Devices are required to pass a qualification course of instruction according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize chemical munitions in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

CATEGORY 14- Kinetic energy weapons and munitions

Less Lethal Remington 870, 12-gauge pump action shotgun and munitions

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Less lethal Remington 870, 12-gauge action shotgun- The Remington 870, 12-gauge shotgun has a receiver mounted side saddle, a forend mounted flashlight and three- point sling. The stock is painted "ORANGE".

Cost: \$400, Quantity: 96

Combined Tactical Systems, 2581-12 Gauge Super-Sock Bean Bag, Point Control Impact Munition- The 2581-12-gauge super-sock bean bag is fired with the Remington 870, 12-gauge action shotgun. The 2581-12 super sock bean bag weighs 40 grams and has a terminal velocity of 280 ft. per second and delivers kinetic impact energy.

The 2581-12-gauge super sock bean bag is in its deployed state immediately upon exiting the barrel. It does not require a minimum range to “unfold” or “stabilize.” The super-sock is an aerodynamic projectile, and its accuracy is relative to the shotgun, barrel length, environmental conditions, and the operator. The optimal fire distance of the super-sock is 10 to 40 feet. The effective range is 75 feet.

Cost: \$5.18, Quantity: 5,982

Purpose:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur.

However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject’s actions.

Authorized Use:

Situations when the deployment of less-lethal impact or munitions are authorized include, but are not limited to self-destructive, dangerous, and/or combative individuals.

Expected Lifespan:

Remington 870, 12-gauge pump action shotgun: 10 years

2581-12-gauge super sock bean bag: 5 years

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for the Remington 870, 12-gauge pump action shotgun is approximately \$50 each.

Training:

Prior to deploying the Less Lethal Shotgun, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of Less Lethal Shotguns. Additionally, all members that operate any Less Lethal Devices are required to pass a qualification course of instruction according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize less lethal devices in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

40MM Launchers and Munitions - 40MM Launchers are utilized by Department personnel as a less-lethal tool to deploy less-lethal impact munitions.

Description, capabilities, quantity and cost:

Penn Arms Single Shot Launcher, #L140- The 40MM single-shot, break-open frame, launcher with a rifled barrel, fixed stock and combo rail. Features include: Double- action trigger, trigger lock push button and hammer lock

safeties. It will fire standard 40MM less-lethal ammunition, up to 6 inches in cartridge length. It will launch a 40MM less-lethal round up to 150 feet.

Cost: \$999.80, Quantity: 92

Penn Arms Multi Shot Launcher, #L540- The 40MM multi-shot spring-advance magazine drum launcher with a six-shot capacity, rifled barrel, 6-inch cylinder and break-action loading. Spring cylinder advance actuated by trigger pull. The safety is a push button, cross bolt trigger safety. It will fire standard 40MM less-lethal ammunition, up to 6 inches in cartridge length. It will launch a 40MM less-lethal round up to 150 feet.

Cost: \$2,782.07, Quantity: 35

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM Exact Impact Sponge Round, #4557- A less lethal 40MM sponge round that is smokeless, spin stabilized and 4 inches long. The 40MM sponge projectile is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The 60-gram sponge baton is a spin-stabilized projectile delivering blunt trauma effect. The 40MM exact impact sponge round provides accurate and effective performance when fired from the approved distance not less than five (5) feet from the target. The optimal Range for the 40MM sponge round is 10 to 75 feet.

Cost: \$18.85, Quantity: 6,364

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM .60 Cal. Sting-Balls, Smokeless, 4.8-Inch-Long Skip Round, #4558- The 40MM crowd dispersal cartridge contains a payload of .60 caliber stinging pellets. The 40MM Skip projectile is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The Skip firing, aiming the impact munitions toward the ground three (3) to ten (10) feet in front of the target. Skip firing attenuates some of the blunt trauma on the target and reduces the possibility of impacting the human target and reduces the possibility of impacting the human target above the belt line.

Cost: \$20.63, Quantity: 2,350

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM .30 Cal. Sting-Balls, Smokeless, 4.8-Inch-Long Skip Round, #4553- The 40MM crowd dispersal cartridge contains a payload of .30 caliber stinging pellets. The 40MM Skip projectile is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The Skip firing, aiming the impact munitions toward the ground three (3) to ten (10) feet in front of the target. Skip firing attenuates some of the blunt trauma on the target and reduces the possibility of impacting the human target and reduces the possibility of impacting the human target above the belt line.

Cost \$18.53, Quantity: 44

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM CS Liquid Barricade, Spin Stabilized, 4.1 Inch Long, #4330- The liquid CS projectile is fired from a single or multi-round purpose- built 40MM Launcher. The Liquid CS filled projectile penetrates intermediate barriers and delivers irritant agents into an adjacent room. When deploying CS liquid projectile, you should be thirty (30) feet back from the target, aiming approximately thirty (30) degrees up in angle. Only trained members of the Department's SWAT Team are authorized to deploy the CS liquid projectile.

Cost: \$23.50, Quantity: 107

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM CS Powder Barricade, Spin Stabilized, 4.1 Inch Long, #4431- The powder CS filled projectile is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The Powder CS filled projectile penetrates intermediate barriers and delivers irritant agents into an adjacent room. When deploying CS powder projectile, you should be thirty (30) feet back from the target, aiming approximately thirty (30) degrees up in angle. Only trained members of the Department's SWAT Team are authorized to deploy the CS powder projectile.

Cost: \$23.50, Quantity: 20

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang, 100 Meter Warning Signal, 4.1 inch, #4090-1- The 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang 100 Meter Warning Signal is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The 100-meter 40MM aerial flash-bang produces an intense bright light and sound. It is used to determine intent or used to hail or warn approaching individuals, vehicles, or marine vessels. The light output is between 6 million and 8 million candela. The sound output is between 165- 175 dB. The effective range is 100 Meters.

Cost: \$39, Quantity: 6

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang, 200 Meter Warning Signal, 4.1 inch, #4090-2- The 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang 200 Meter Warning Signal is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The 200-meter 40MM aerial flash-bang produces an intense bright light and sound. It is used to determine intent or used to hail or warn approaching individuals, vehicles, or marine vessels. The light output is between 6 million and 8 million candela. The sound output is between 165- 175 dB. The effective range is 200 Meters.

Cost: \$39, Quantity: 8

Combined Tactical Systems, 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang, 300 Meter Warning Signal, 4.1 inch, #4090-3- The 40MM Aerial Flash-Bang 300 Meter Warning Signal is fired from a single or multi-round purpose-built 40MM Launcher. The 300-meter 40MM aerial flash-bang produces an intense bright light and sound. It is used to determine intent or used to hail or warn approaching individuals, vehicles, or marine vessels. The light output is between 6 million and 8 million candela. The sound output is between 165- 175 dB. The effective range is 300 Meters.

Cost: \$39, Quantity: 8

Purpose:

Lawful application of force delivered with the intent to subdue or render non-threatening. The less lethal munitions may be used as an option to de-escalate a potentially dangerous/deadly situation, with a reduced potential for death or serious injury to all persons involved. It is accepted that the probability exists for bodily harm to occur.

However, it must also be accepted that the application of such force may be the only alternative to using lethal force to stop the subject's actions.

Authorized Use:

Situations where the deployment of less-lethal impact or chemical munitions are authorized include but are not limited to:

Self-destructive, dangerous, and/or combative individuals

Circumstances where a tactical advantage can be obtained

Tactical situations involving the deployment of the Department's SWAT Team.

Expected Lifespan:

Penn Arms Single/Multi Shot Launcher: 15 years

All munitions listed above: 5 years

Fiscal Impact:

Annual maintenance for the single/multi shot launchers is approximately \$50 each.

Training:

Prior to deploying 40MM Launchers and Munitions, members must complete a POST certified course in the operation of 40MM Launchers and Munitions. Additionally, all members that operate any Less Lethal Devices are required to pass a qualification course of instruction according to department policy.

Legal and Procedural Rules:

The Department will only utilize less lethal devices in accordance with State law, Federal law and Department policy.

Government Code 7072

(a) A law enforcement agency that receives approval for a military equipment use policy pursuant to Section 7071 shall submit to the governing body an annual military equipment report for each type of military equipment approved by the governing body within one year of approval, and annually thereafter for as long as the military equipment is available for use. The law enforcement agency shall also make each annual military equipment report required by this section publicly available on its internet website for as long as the military equipment is available for use. The annual military equipment report shall, at a minimum, include the following information for the immediately preceding calendar year for each type of military equipment:

(1) A summary of how the military equipment was used and the purpose of its use.

(2) A summary of any complaints or concerns received concerning the military equipment.

(3) The results of any internal audits, any information about violations of the military equipment use policy, and any actions taken in response.

(4) The total annual cost for each type of military equipment, including acquisition, personnel, training, transportation, maintenance, storage, upgrade, and other ongoing costs, and from what source funds will be provided for the military equipment in the calendar year following submission of the annual military equipment report.

(5) The quantity possessed for each type of military equipment.

(6) If the law enforcement agency intends to acquire additional military equipment in the next year, the quantity sought for each type of military equipment.

(b) Within 30 days of submitting and publicly releasing an annual military equipment report pursuant to this section, the law enforcement agency shall hold at least one well-publicized and conveniently located community engagement meeting, at which the general public may discuss and ask questions regarding the annual military equipment report and the law enforcement agency's funding, acquisition, or use of military equipment.

Ca. Gov. Code § 7072

Added by Stats 2021 ch 406 (AB 481),s 2, eff. 1/1/2022.

Cal. Gov. Code § 7072