

**BROCK & GONZALES, LLP**

6701 CENTER DRIVE WEST, STE. 610

LOS ANGELES, CA 90045

Tel: (310) 294-9595

Fax: (310) 961-3673

D. AARON BROCK, STATE BAR NO. 241919

ab@brockgonzales.com

CHRISTINA R. KERNER, STATE BAR NO. 319474

ck@brockgonzales.com

**Attorneys for Plaintiff**

Jane Roe Two

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

West K.T.

**COUNTY OF ORANGE – CENTRAL JUSTICE CENTER**

**Assigned for All Purposes**

**Judge Nathan Scott**

Case No.: 30-2022-01252445-CU-OE-WJC

JANE ROE TWO, an individual,

Plaintiff,

vs.

COUNTY OF ORANGE, a public entity;  
and DOES 1-50, inclusive,

Defendants.

**PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FOR  
DAMAGES FOR:**

- 1. HARASSMENT IN VIOLATION OF  
THE FEHA;**
- 2. DISCRIMINATION IN VIOLATION  
OF THE FEHA**
- 3. RETALIATION IN VIOLATION OF  
THE FEHA; and**
- 4. FAILURE TO INVESTIGATE AND  
PREVENT IN VIOLATION OF THE  
FEHA.**

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff, JANE ROE TWO, hereby brings her employment complaint, demanding a trial  
by jury, against the above-named Defendants and states and alleges as follows:



1 Mr. Spitzer has taken no responsibility for putting Mr. LoGalbo into a position of power  
2 and has pled ignorance of Mr. LoGalbo's prior harassing conduct. That Mr. Spitzer now denies  
3 knowing Mr. LoGalbo – the best man in Mr. Spitzer's wedding, who told Plaintiff he was a  
4 ***“walking H.R. violation”*** – was a danger to those he supervised is suspect. Not only did Mr.  
5 Spitzer tell OCDA employees that he knew Mr. LoGalbo was a ***“pervert”*** in his personal life, but  
6 Mr. LoGalbo has unabashedly acknowledged in a text, ***“I am who I am. TODD knew that going***  
7 ***in.”*** Mr. LoGalbo further boasted that he was ***“not going to change.”***

8 Because of Mr. Spitzer's choices, Mr. LoGalbo was given unfettered access to harass  
9 OCDA employees for more than a year. Finally, in late 2020, the Board of Supervisors  
10 succumbed to pressure by The Orange County Attorneys Association and hired a third-party  
11 investigator to investigate Mr. LoGalbo's workplace conduct.

12 The investigator interviewed Plaintiff and detailed her experience in a 150 plus page  
13 ***“CONFIDENTIAL INVESTIGATION REPORT.”*** The investigator ultimately concluded that  
14 Plaintiff, and other females in the OCDA, were unlawfully harassed and discriminated against by  
15 Mr. LoGalbo.

16 Despite this, Mr. LoGalbo was allowed to retire. At the same time, some politically  
17 motivated OCDA managers began minimizing the impact of his misconduct to protect the  
18 elected District Attorney. For instance, Shawn Nelson, Mr. Spitzer's second-in-command,  
19 declared to managers, in front of Mr. Spitzer, that ***“Gary doesn't have any real victims.”*** Mr.  
20 Nelson also referred to Mr. LoGalbo's female victims as ***“chicken”*** for not coming forward  
21 earlier, even though everyone knew of Mr. Spitzer's close relationship with Mr. LoGalbo.

22 As for Mr. Spitzer, he has accused Mr. LoGalbo's victims of being ***“dishonest.”*** He also  
23 chastised the employees who confirmed Mr. LoGalbo's unlawful conduct. He told one manager,  
24 ***“Take your little notes about me that end up in reports.”***

25 The situation got worse on Friday, May 7, 2021 – the day before Mother's Day weekend  
26 – when a copy of the Confidential Investigation Report was disseminated by Mr. Spitzer without  
27 any warning or notice. Plaintiff was shocked, humiliated, and concerned that the report was  
28 released in retaliation for participating in the investigation into Mr. LoGalbo. This concern has

1 now been confirmed by Mr. Spitzer, who admitted the dissemination of the report “*absolutely*”  
2 had a “*chilling effect*” on future victims of harassment.

3 Therefore, on May 24, 2021, Plaintiff made a complaint of retaliation. In response, the  
4 Board of Supervisors conducted another independent investigation.

5 Not surprisingly, the investigator concluded that Mr. Spitzer “*flagrantly*” violated County  
6 EEO and Abusive Conduct policies and acted with “*malice*” towards Plaintiff and the other  
7 victims of Mr. LoGalbo, which created a hostile and offensive work environment, and “*caused*  
8 *unjustified embarrassment and indignity to [Plaintiff]*.”

9 In short, on two occasions, an independent investigator confirmed that female prosecutors  
10 were subjected to flagrant violations of County policies by the men at the very top of the OCDA.  
11 Despite this fact, as well as the Board of Supervisors’ prior knowledge of Mr. Spitzer’s abusive  
12 conduct towards women while he was on the Board, the Board has not taken a single corrective  
13 or preventative action towards Mr. Spitzer, their former colleague. The Board’s inaction has sent  
14 a clear message to Plaintiff, to countless other County employees, and to all citizens of the  
15 Orange County that harassment, discrimination, and retaliation when engaged in by politically  
16 well-connected men will be tolerated by the current members of the Board of Supervisors.

17 The Board’s inaction also has real work consequences to the employees in the OCDA.  
18 Some managers within OCDA, who now believe there are no consequences for their workplace  
19 behavior, have felt emboldened to publicly accuse Mr. LoGalbo’s victims of lying about their  
20 experiences, despite the clear findings of a third-party investigator. In fact, employees who have  
21 spoken out against Mr. LoGalbo’s victims are now being treated more favorably by Mr. Spitzer  
22 and are being awarded for shaming innocent victims of sexual harassment.

23 Quite simply, the Board should have done more and should do more. It’s apparent they  
24 won’t. Therefore, Plaintiff must file this lawsuit to protect herself and other women who have  
25 bravely come forward, and to do what the Board should have done all along – ensure retaliation  
26 is not tolerated by *anyone* in the County.

27 ///

28 ///

**THE PARTIES**

1. Defendant COUNTY OF ORANGE is a California public governmental entity. One of the departments that make up Defendant COUNTY OF ORANGE's government is the OCDA.

2. At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiff, JANE ROE TWO, was an individual and a resident of the State of California. At all times, Plaintiff was an employee of Defendant COUNTY OF ORANGE. Because Plaintiff is a victim of a sexual harassment of a sensitive and personal nature, her identity is protected in this public filing. In fact, Defendant labeled Plaintiff as "JANE ROE TWO" during the prelitigation claims process to protect her identity.

3. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, and for that reason sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is negligently, intentionally, or otherwise legally responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to and caused injuries and damages proximately thereby to the Plaintiff, as herein alleged. Plaintiff will file and serve one or more amendments to this complaint upon learning the true names and capacities of said Defendants.

4. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for, and proximately caused, the injuries and damages to Plaintiff hereinafter alleged.

5. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants named herein acted as the employee, agent, servant, partner, alter-ego and/or joint ventures of one or more of the other Defendants named herein. In doing the acts and/or omissions alleged herein, each of said Defendants acted within the course and scope of his or her relationship with any other Defendant; and gave and received full consent, permission and ratification to the acts and/or omissions alleged herein.

6. Hereinafter in this Complaint, unless otherwise noted, reference to a Defendant shall mean all Defendants, and each of them.

///

1 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2 7. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper since the acts and omissions complained of  
3 occurred in the State of California. The amount in controversy exceeds the jurisdictional  
4 minimum of this Court.

5 8. Venue is proper in the County of Orange because the events giving rise to these  
6 claims transpired in the County of Orange, at OCDA, including at 300 North Flower Street,  
7 Santa Ana, California 92703.

8 **THE FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

9 9. Plaintiff has been employed by Defendant, with the OCDA, since in or around April  
10 2016.

11 10. At all times mentioned herein, and at the time each of Plaintiff's causes of action  
12 arose, Mr. LoGalbo was an employee of Defendant and was Plaintiff's "supervisor," beginning  
13 in or around April 2019.

14 **Plaintiff Was Subjected to a Hostile Work Environment**

15 11. While working under Mr. LoGalbo's supervision, her office was directly next to his.  
16 During this time, she was exposed to inappropriate sexually harassing comments on a daily basis,  
17 all of which created a hostile and offensive work environment. Some examples:

- 18 a. Mr. LoGalbo leered at Plaintiff's body, looking her up and down daily and  
19 consistently, to the point where coworkers would notice;
- 20 b. Mr. LoGalbo constantly commented on Plaintiff's clothing, including telling  
21 Plaintiff he knew the color of her underwear and telling her he was imagining  
22 what type of underwear she was wearing;
- 23 c. Mr. LoGalbo told Plaintiff that he dreamt of her and that she was naked in his  
24 dreams;
- 25 d. Mr. LoGalbo questioned what Plaintiff did at night, and if she got "*into any*  
26 *trouble*" or if "*there is anything [she] needed to tell [him];*"
- 27 e. Almost everytime Plaintiff's office door was shut, Mr. LoGalbo would bust in,  
28 telling Plaintiff he hoped to catch her undressing; and

1 f. Ms. LoGalbo called Plaintiff late at night, to ask her what she was wearing and  
2 where she was in her house.

3 12. Mr. LoGalbo knew his conduct was unwelcome, yet he was undeterred. For  
4 instance, when Plaintiff had to go into Mr. LoGalbo's office, she would try to stay far away from  
5 him. Mr. LoGalbo would notice and say, "*You know, you, you don't have to stand back there.*  
6 *You, are you afraid? I'm not going to just bend you over that chair and take you from behind,*" or  
7 "*I'm not going to bite unless you ask me to.*"

8 13. Plaintiff felt trapped. Not only was Mr. LoGalbo Plaintiff's supervisor but she also  
9 knew he was "*best friends*" with Mr. Spitzer. On at least one occasion, she talked to one of  
10 mentors in the OCDA, who told her not to complain to Human Resources, calling it "*career*  
11 *suicide.*"

12 **Plaintiff Was Retaliated Against**

13 14. After allegations began being made against Mr. LoGalbo by women in the OCDA,  
14 Mr. Spitzer and some other men in management were quick to dismiss Plaintiff and other  
15 victims. For instance, Mr. Nelson declared to at least two executive managers, in front of Mr.  
16 Spitzer, that "*Gary doesn't have any real victims.*" Mr. Nelson also called Mr. LoGalbo's female  
17 victims' "*chicken*" for not coming forward earlier, even though he knows everyone knew of Mr.  
18 Spitzer's close personal relationship with Mr. LoGalbo. Mr. Spitzer, himself, accused Mr.  
19 LoGalbo's victims of being "*dishonest*" and tried to have one of them written-up. He chastised  
20 and was dismissive of other employees for their role in the investigation, telling them, "*You take*  
21 *your little notes about me that end up in reports.*"

22 15. On or about December 15, 2020, Mr. Nelson sent an email to all attorneys within the  
23 OCDA: "*After more than 30 years of public service, Senior Assistant District Attorney Gary*  
24 *LoGalbo has elected to retire.*" Mr. Nelson did not mention the reason why.

25 16. A few weeks later, on or about December 28, 2020, Defendant chartered the  
26 independent investigation into allegations against Mr. LoGalbo.

27 17. At the beginning of her investigative interview, Plaintiff was told that "[t]he County  
28 [was] ordering [them] to discuss this matter with the County appointed investigator" and warned

1 that her “[f]ailure to fully cooperate in [the] investigation, or providing less than completely  
2 truthful answers, will be deemed insubordination and may result in administrative discipline, up  
3 to and including termination of [their] employment with the County of Orange.

4 18. During her interview, Plaintiff was assured by the County that her statement would  
5 be confidential. That was important to her as she were not only disclosing personal and sensitive  
6 information, but also reporting illegal conduct by a Senior Assistant District Attorney, her former  
7 supervisor, and the close friend of the District Attorney. The promise of confidentiality is also  
8 consistent with the County’s proclamation in its “Anti-Harassment Policy and Procedure” that  
9 complaints be “*kept as confidential as possible.*”

10 19. Ultimately, the confidential investigative report found that “[b]ased upon a  
11 preponderance of the evidence, the allegation that LoGalbo engaged in a pattern of sexual and  
12 gender harassment against multiple female employees who he directly supervised at the OCDA  
13 is sustained.” The investigator further concluded that “[t]he preponderance of the evidence  
14 supports that LoGalbo’s actions also constituted a hostile work environment for the women and  
15 men who worked under his supervision at North Court. Under the Policy, a hostile work  
16 environment exists when harassing conduct is severe or pervasive enough to alter the conditions  
17 of employment so as to create an abusive working environment.”

18 20. Plaintiff was hopeful she could return to a work environment free from harassment,  
19 discrimination, and retaliation. However, on or about Friday, May 7, 2021, the day before  
20 Mother’s Day weekend, a copy of the “Confidential Investigation Report” was disseminated by  
21 Mr. Spitzer’s spokeswoman, without notice or warning, to all OCDA employees. Since then,  
22 Plaintiff has been mocked by colleagues about what she experienced with Mr. LoGalbo. For  
23 instance, a few days after the report was released, some unknown co-workers had a package of  
24 suggestive lollipops, with a card that stated, “*xoxo, Love Gary.*” When Plaintiff shared the  
25 encounter with other colleagues, OCDA H.R. became aware. That led to interviews and  
26 discussions with Plaintiff’s supervisor, which only led to further retaliation, where Plaintiff’s  
27 team made snide remarks about making sure that everyone acts “*appropriate*” so that the team  
28 “*doesn’t have to deal with HR.*”



1           21. Therefore, on May 24, 2021, Plaintiff, who had not yet come forward with a claim  
2 against Defendant, requested an investigation into the release of the report. In response,  
3 Defendant undertook another third-party investigation.

4           22. The second investigation concluded on or about August 2, 2021. Five months later,  
5 the investigation findings were finally made available to Plaintiff. The investigator concluded  
6 that Mr. Spitzer “*flagrantly*” violated the County’s EEO and Abusive Conduct policies and acted  
7 with “*malice*” towards Plaintiff and the other victims of Mr. LoGalbo, which created a hostile  
8 and offensive work environment for Mr. LoGalbo’s victims, including Plaintiff and “*caused*  
9 *unjustified embarrassment and indignity to [the district attorneys].*” Mr. Spitzer, himself,  
10 admitted the release of the report will create a *chilling effect*” on future victims of harassment  
11 within the OCDA.

12           23. Despite this fact, the Board has taken no corrective or preventative action. The  
13 Board’s inaction empowered some politically motivated OCDA managers to begin minimizing  
14 the impact of Mr. LoGalbo’s misconduct in retaliation for Plaintiff’s participation in the  
15 County’s investigations. These people have been rewarded by Mr. Spitzer with preferential  
16 treatment, including promotions. Undoubtedly, this has undermined Plaintiff’s job performance  
17 and ability for advancement within the OCDA.

18                           **EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES**

19           24. Plaintiff filed a complaint against Defendant with the Department of Fair  
20 Employment and Housing (“DFEH”) on July 19, 2021, and again on March 24, 2022. The DFEH  
21 issued Plaintiff a “Right-to-Sue” letter those same days. This Complaint is timely filed pursuant  
22 to those letters.

23                           **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

24                           **HARASSMENT IN VIOLATION OF THE FEHA**

25                           **(Against ALL Defendants)**

26           25. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by this reference as if fully set forth herein  
27 paragraphs 1 through 24 of this Complaint.

28           26. At all times herein mentioned, California Government Code § 12940 et seq., the Fair

1 Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA"), was in full force and effect and was binding on  
2 Defendants, as Defendants regularly employed five or more persons.

3 27. California Government Code § 12940(a) requires Defendants to refrain from  
4 harassing an employee based on an individual's protected class, including sex, gender, race etc.

5 28. Defendant engaged in unlawful employment practices in violation of the FEHA by  
6 harassing Plaintiff because of sex and/or gender and/or race

7 29. As a proximate result of the aforesaid acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered  
8 actual, consequential, and incidental financial losses, including without limitation, loss of salary  
9 and benefits, and the intangible loss of employment related opportunities in her field and damage  
10 to her professional reputation, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial. Plaintiff  
11 claims such amounts as damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 3287 and/or § 3288 and/or  
12 any other provision of law providing for prejudgment interest.

13 30. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered and  
14 continues to suffer emotional distress, humiliation, mental anguish and embarrassment, as well  
15 as the manifestation of physical symptoms. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon  
16 alleges, that she will continue to experience said physical and emotional suffering for a period in  
17 the future not presently ascertainable, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial.

18 31. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has been forced  
19 to hire attorneys to prosecute her claims herein and has incurred and is expected to continue to  
20 incur attorneys' fees and costs in connection therewith. Plaintiff is entitled to recover attorneys'  
21 fees and costs under California Government Code § 12965(b).

22 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

23 **DISCRIMINATION IN VIOLATION OF THE FEHA**

24 **(Against ALL Defendants)**

25 32. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by this reference as if fully set forth herein  
26 paragraphs 1 through 31 of this Complaint.

27 33. At all times herein mentioned, California Government Code § 12940 et seq., the Fair  
28 Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA"), was in full force and effect and was binding on

Defendants, as Defendants regularly employed five or more persons.

34. California Government Code § 12940(a) requires Defendants to refrain from discriminating against an employee based on an individual's protected class, including sex, gender etc.

35. Defendant engaged in unlawful employment practices in violation of the FEHA by discriminating against Plaintiff because of sex and/or gender.

36. As a proximate result of the aforesaid acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered actual, consequential and incidental financial losses, including without limitation, loss of salary and benefits, and the intangible loss of employment related opportunities in her field and damage to her professional reputation, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial. Plaintiff claims such amounts as damages pursuant to California Civil Code § 3287 and/or § 3288 and/or any other provision of law providing for prejudgment interest.

37. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer emotional distress, humiliation, mental anguish and embarrassment, as well as the manifestation of physical symptoms. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that she will continue to experience said physical and emotional suffering for a period in the future not presently ascertainable, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial.

38. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has been forced to hire attorneys to prosecute her claims herein and has incurred and is expected to continue to incur attorneys' fees and costs in connection therewith. Plaintiff is entitled to recover attorneys' fees and costs under California Government Code § 12965(b).

### **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### **RETALIATION IN VIOLATION OF THE FEHA**

##### **(Against ALL Defendants)**

39. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by this reference as if fully set forth herein paragraphs 1 through 38 of this Complaint.

40. At all times herein mentioned, the FEHA was in full force and effect and were binding on Defendants, as Defendant regularly employed five or more persons. The FEHA

1 makes it unlawful for any person to retaliate against an employee who has opposed a  
2 discriminatory practice and who asserts their rights under the FEHA.

3 41. Defendants' conduct in 1) commenting that Plaintiff was not a "real" victim of Mr.  
4 LoGalbo, despite the findings of a third-party investigator; 2) accusing Plaintiff of being  
5 dishonest in the investigation, impugning her honesty and integrity, which she needs to  
6 effectively do her job; 3) chastising employees for participating in the investigation; and 4)  
7 awarding employees who speak out against Plaintiff, are all retaliatory acts that have adversely  
8 affected the terms, conditions and/or privileges of Plaintiff's employment, and which have  
9 undermined Plaintiff's ability to effectively do her job and jeopardized her ability for  
10 advancement within the OCDA.

11 42. As a proximate result of the aforesaid acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered  
12 actual, consequential and incidental financial losses, including without limitation, loss of salary  
13 and benefits, and the intangible loss of employment related opportunities in her field and damage  
14 to her professional reputation, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial. Plaintiff  
15 claims such amounts as damages pursuant to California Government Code § 3287 and/or § 3288  
16 and/or any other provision of law providing for prejudgment interest.

17 43. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered and  
18 continues to suffer emotional distress, humiliation, mental anguish and embarrassment, as well  
19 as the manifestation of physical symptoms. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon  
20 alleges that she will continue to experience said physical and emotional suffering for a period in  
21 the future not presently ascertainable, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial.

22 44. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has been forced  
23 to hire attorneys to prosecute his claims herein and has incurred and is expected to continue to  
24 incur attorneys' fees and costs in connection therewith. Plaintiff is entitled to recover attorneys'  
25 fees and costs under California Government Code § 12965(b).

26 ///

27 ///

28 ///

1 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

2 **FAILURE TO INVESTIGATE AND PREVENT IN VIOLATION OF THE FEHA**  
3 **(Against ALL Defendants)**

4 45. Plaintiff restates and incorporates by this reference as if fully set forth herein  
5 paragraphs 1 through 44 of this Complaint.

6 46. At all times mentioned herein, California Government Code Sections 12940, et seq.,  
7 including but not limited to Sections 12940 (j) and (k), were in full force and effect and were  
8 binding upon Defendants and each of them. These sections impose on an employer a duty to  
9 take immediate and appropriate corrective action to end harassment, discrimination, and  
10 retaliation and take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent harassment, discrimination, and  
11 retaliation from occurring.

12 47. Defendants failed to take immediate and appropriate corrective action to end the  
13 harassment, discrimination, and retaliation. FEHA renders it an unlawful act for employers to  
14 fail to take all reasonable steps to protect their employees from harassment, discrimination, and  
15 retaliation

16 48. In failing and/or refusing to take immediate and appropriate corrective action to end  
17 the discrimination, harassment, and retaliation, and in failing and/or refusing to take and or all  
18 reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination, harassment and retaliation from occurring,  
19 Defendants violated California Government Code § 12940 (j) and (k), causing Plaintiff to suffer  
20 damages as set forth above.

21 49. As a proximate result of the aforesaid acts of Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff  
22 has suffered actual, consequential and incidental financial losses, including without limitation,  
23 loss of salary and benefits, and the intangible loss of employment related opportunities in her  
24 field and damage to her professional reputation, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of  
25 trial. Plaintiff claims such amounts as damages pursuant to Civil Code § 3287 and/or § 3288  
26 and/or any other provision of law providing for prejudgment interest.

27 50. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, and each of them, Plaintiff  
28 has suffered and continues to suffer emotional distress, humiliation, mental anguish and

embarrassment, as well as the manifestation of physical symptoms. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that she will continue to experience said physical and emotional suffering for a period in the future not presently ascertainable, all in an amount subject to proof at the time of trial.

51. As a proximate result of the wrongful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff has been forced to hire attorneys to prosecute her claims herein and has incurred and is expected to continue to incur attorneys' fees and costs in connection therewith. Plaintiff is entitled to recover attorneys' fees and costs under California Government Code § 12965(b).

**PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

**WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:**

1. For general damages in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court;
2. For special damages, according to proof;
3. For medical expenses and related items of expense, according to proof;
4. For loss of earnings, according to proof;
5. For attorneys' fees, according to proof;
6. For prejudgment interest, according to proof;
7. For costs of suit incurred herein;
8. For declaratory relief;
9. For injunctive relief; and
10. For such other relief and the Court may deem just and proper.

///

///

///

///

///

///

///

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

**DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

DATED: March 24, 2022

BROCK & GONZALES, LLP

By: \_\_\_\_\_

D. AARON BROCK

Attorneys for Plaintiff